TERMS OF THE GLOBE.

Per annum in advance.....$1 50
Six months.....75
Three months.....50
A failure to notify a discontinuance at the expiriation of the term subscribed for will be considered a new engagement.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

	1 insertion.	2 do.	3 do.
Four lines or less,	$ 25	$ 37½	$ 50
One square, (12 lines,)	50	75	1 00
Two squares,	1 00	1 50	2 00
Three squares,	1 50	2 25	3 00

Over three week and less than three months, 25 cents per square for each insertion.

	3 months.	6 months.	12 months.
Six lines or less,	$1 50	$3 00	$5 00
One square,	3 00	5 00	7 00
Two squares,	5 00	8 00	10 00
Three squares,	7 00	10 00	15 00
Four squares,	9 00	13 00	20 00
Half a column,	12 00	16 00	24 00
One column,	20 00	30 00	50 00

Professional and Business Cards not exceeding four lines, one year,.....$3 00
Administrators' and Executors' Notices,.....$1 75
Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to these terms.

MUSIC.

At Lewis' Book, Stationery and Music Store.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

The most pleasing and popular compositions of the day, together with those of the ancient composers, will be furnished at the shortest notice.

Also—Pianos, Melodeons, Guitars, Violins, Accordions, &c., &c., all at the lowest city retail prices.

Teachers supplied with Books and Music on the most reasonable terms.

Music sent by mail free of postage on receipt of price.

New music will be added to our Catalogue as soon as issued from the press.

CATALOGUE OF MUSIC ON HAND.

Songs.

Alone on Earth I Wander, as sung by Mlle. Parodi,	25
Annie the Pride of my Heart, by Winner,	25
Aunt Harriet Beecher Stowe, by Stephani,	25
Annie Laurie, as sung by Miss A. Mandervill,	25
Ave Maria, by Kucken,	25
Adieu to the Village, by Mrs. Elmes,	25
Auld Lang Syne, by Burns,	6
Bruise not my Heart, by Hargrave,	25
By the Sad Sea Waves, as sung by Parodi,	25
The Baby Show, by Colman,	25
Buttonwood Tree, by Winner,	25
Brides Farewell, by Williams,	12½
Bonnie Bessie Gray, by Glover,	25
Bay of Biscay'o, as sung by Mrs. Parodi,	25
Come out sweet maiden, by Stowart,	25
Child of the Regiment, arranged by Glover,	25
Cot in the Valley, by Hewitt,	25
Carry Ray or Down the Willow Hollow, by Colman,	25
Death of Lady Wallace, by T. P. Campbell,	25
Darling Nelly Gray, by Handy,	25
Down the Burn Davy love, by Burns,	25
Death of Ringgold, by Cooledge,	25
Dream is Past, by Glover,	25
Dermot Astore, by Crouch,	25
Dearest! I think of Thee! by Crouch,	25
Ever of Thee, by Hall,	25
Far, Far away from Thee, by Hewitt,	12½
Farewell if ever Fondest Prayer, by Berriot,	25
Gaily through life wonder, by Verdi,	25
Gentle Annie, by Foster,	25
Gentle Annie will you ever, by Forister,	25
Genius of the Spring, by Maria B. Hawes,	25
Gleam of Autumn's Golden Days, by Colman,	25
Grave of Uncle True, by Colman,	25
Gra Gial Machree, an Irish Ballad, by Crouch,	25
"He sleeps but not 'mid the Arctic snows," inscribed to the memory of Dr. E. L. Kane, by Beckel,	25
Hard times come again no more, by Foster,	25
Hear me, Norma,	37½
Here's a health to thee Mary, by Rodwell,	12½
Home Sweet Home, by Bishop,	25
Happy Moments ne Returning, by Wieland, (Guitar,)	25
I'm dreaming of thee, by Lee,	25
I would not die in Spring time, by Moore,	35
I'll hang my harp on a willow tree, by Guernsey,	12½
I've flowers to sell, by Golding,	25
I have no Mother now, by Mortimer,	25
In my Heart an Image Dwelleth, by Magruder.	25
I have no Joy but in thy Smile, by Gosden,	25
I'll pray for thee, from Donizetti,	25
In a Lone Quiet Spot, by Hewitt,	25
In Vain I Seek for Joys Abroad, by Ulmo,	25
I'm Leaving thee in sorrow, Annie, by Baker,	25
It is better to Laugh than be Sighing, by Donizetti,	25
I have no Mother now, by Magruder,	25
John Anderson my Jo, by Kuzeluch,	12½
Juanita, Spanish Ballad, by Norton,	25
Kate Kearney, by Bradley,	12½
Kattie Avourneen, by Crouch,	25
Kathleen Mavourneen, by Crouch,	25
Kind Words will never Die, by Horace Waters,	25
Kiss me Quick and Go, by Buckley, (Guitar,)	25
Life is but an empty dream, by Westrop,	25
Lillee Lee, by Glover,	25
Long and Weary Day,	25
Little Nell, by Boswell,	12½
List to the Convent Bells, by Blockley,	12½
Lays of the Night, by Glover,	25
Lola, by Hargrave,	25
Lilly Clyde, by Hargrave,	25
Let us Meet, by Colman,	25
My Mother Dear, by Lover,	25
My Native Island, by Langlotz,	12½
My Native Home, by Deems,	12½
My Sister Dear, by Auber,	12½
My Mountain Kate, by Hewitt,	25
Moonlight on the Ocean, by Beckel,	25
May Breeze, by Kappes,	25
Memory, ballad, by H. G. Thunder,	25
Music and her Sister Song, by Glover,	50
Maniac Mother, by Hargrave,	25
Marseilles Hymn, by De Lisle,	25
Massa's Old Plantation, by Lake,	25
My Native Land Adieu, by Belisle,	25
Maiden of the Rhine,	25
Nestle thou Little One, by Maison,	25
Natalie, the Miller's Daughter, by Bochsa,	30
Oh! No they shall not see me weep,	12½
Oh! Soon Return, by Hewitt,	12½
Oh! Cast that Shadow from thy Brow,	25
Oh! Let me Weep, by Colman,	25
Oh! No we never talk in French,	25
Oh! Whisper what thou Feelest, by Richards,	25
Old Jessie, by Converse, (Guitar,)	12½
Pop goes the Weasel, by Converse, (Guitar,)	25
Strike the harp gently, by Woodbury,	25
Serenade, by Schubert,	25
Something You Cannot Help Liking, by Taylor,	25
Speak Gently, by Morse,	25
Sancta Mater. a Vesper Hymn, by Colman,	25
Star Spangled Banner,	25
Shells of the Ocean, by Cherry,	25
Ship Wrecked Sea Boy, by Forte,	38
Sunny Hours of Childhood, by Parodi,	25
Sleep Gentle Mother, by Lemon,	25
Standard Watch, by Lindpaintner,	25
The Longing, by Porter,	35
Teach Oh! Teach me to Forget, by Bishop,	12½
Tempest of the Heart, by Parodi,	35
The Heart That's Ever Thine, by Jullien,	25
The Indian Captive or the Absent Lover, Magruder,	25
The dearest spot on earth to me is home, by Wrighton,	25
Troubadour's Song, by Verdi,	25
Twenty Years Ago, by Langlotz,	25
Vilikins and his Dinah,	25
Valley of Chamouni, by Glover,	25
What's home without a mother, by Hawthorne,	25
What are the Wild Waves Saying, by Glover,	25
We Met by Chance, by Kucken,	25
We Met, 'twas in a Crowd, by Bayly,	25
When Night comes over the Plain, by Jeffreys,	30
When Stars are in the Quiet Skies, by Ball,	25
When the Swallows Homeward Fly, by Abt,	25
When in Hours of Anxious Sadness,	25
Within a Mile of Edinburg, by Scotch,	25
Yankee Doodle, as sung by Mad. T. Parodi,	25

Schottisches, Polkas, Quick Steps, Marches, Dances, &c.

Adrianna Polka, by Mack,	25
Amelia Polka,	25
Affection Schottisch, by Southgate,	25
Amulet Schottisch, by Mrs. Saylor,	25
Amelia Schottisch, by Cooper,	25
Annie Laurie Schottisch, by Winner,	35
Amateur set of Polkas, by Bellak, each	15
Aeolian Polka, by Colman,	25
Agricultural Quick Step, by Beck,	12½
Brother Jonathan Polka, by Porter,	25
Bella Donna Schottisch, by Holden,	25
Bohemian Polka, by Houser,	6
Coral Schottisch, by Kleber,	25
Circassian Polka, by De Albert,	50
Cherry Valley Polka Brilliant, by Bubna,	50
College Hornpipe, Fisher's Hornpipe,	6
Come Soldiers Come Quick Step,	12½
Douglas grand march, by Walker,	35
Diamond Schottisch, by Saylor,	25
Daybreak Polka, by Szemelcuyi,	25
Delicious Polka,	15
Dahlia Gallopade, by Dister,	12½
Durangs Hornpipe and Money Musk,	6
Dandy Jim and Old Dan Tucker,	6
Edinburg Schottisch, by Kerseen,	25
Emma Polka, by Miss Emma Todd,	25
Eugenia Polka, by Wallerstein,	25
Electric Quick Step, by Burcheim,	12½
Eugenia Dance, by Bubna,	25
Four Bells Polka, by Cook,	40
Five Bells Polka, by Cook,	50
Fairfield Schottisch, by Colman,	25
Fountain Schottisch, by Magruder,	25
Fairy Lake Schottisch, by Mack,	25
Fanny-Ole Schottisch, by John,	25
Fillibuster Polka, by Thunder,	25
Few Days or Go-a-head Quick Step, by Magruder,	25
Gipsey Polka, by Bubna,	25
Gipsey Schottische,	35
Grand Russian March,	12½
Gallopade Quadrille,	12½
Hand Organ Polka, by Lisle,	25
Henrietta Polka, by Pfieffer,	12½
Hard Up Schottisch, by Bubna,	15
Hero's Quick Step, by Schmidt,	12½
Hail Columbia,	15
Harrisburg Serenade March, by H. Coyle,	12½
Jenny Lind's Favorite Polka, by Wallerstein,	12½
John Allen Schottisch, by Clark,	12½
Josephine Mazurk Dance,	35
Katy-Did Polka, by Jullien,	50
Lancers Quadrille, by Bubna,	35
Love Schottisch, by Cook,	40
Love, Pleasure and Mirth Gallop,	25
La Bella Donna Schottisch, by Holden,	25
Lover's Dream Schottisch, by Kerk,	25
Love Not Quick Step, by Hartman,	12½
Lancaster Quick Step, by H. Coyle,	12½
Ladies Reception March, by Frailey,	12½
Letitia Mazurka, Dance, by Bubna,	25
Mandaline Polka, by Mack,	25
Musidora Polka Mazurka, by Talexy,	25
Mountain Sylph Polka,	25
Maryland Institute Schottisch, by Magruder,	38
My Partner's Polka, by Magruder,	50
Martha Quick Step,	15
Morgan Schottisch, by Bubna,	25
Mount Vernon Polka, by Mirtle,	25
Mount Pleasant Polka, by Boyer,	25
Marseillaise Hymn, by Spindler,	15
New York Ledger Schottisch, by Magruder,	25
New School Dances, Schottisch, by Bubna,	40
Our American Cousin Polka, by Jarvis,	35
Opera House Polka, by Kerk,	25
Ocean Wave, by Russel,	6
Polka Des Zouaves, by Prince.	50
Pretty Dear Schottisch,	15
Peak Family Schottisch, by Kerk,	25
Pin Cushion Polka,	15
President's March,	6
Rainbow Schottisch,	35
Rochester Schottisch,	12½
Ready Money Polka, by Bubna,	25
Rebecca Schottische, by James,	25
Remembrance Polka, by Hassler,	30
Renuie Polka, by Walker,	25
Rebecca Polka, by Vollandt,	25
Ringlet Polka, by Blasius,	25
Remembrance Quick Step, by Durocher,	25
Russian Grand March, by Spindler,	15
Russian March,	6
Reception Grand March, by Wiesel,	12½
Rory O'More,	6
Silveretta Polka, by Kyle,	25
Snowdrop Schottisch, by Edwards,	25
Sontag Bouquet Schottisch, by Magruder,	35
Snow Flake Schottisch, by Bellak,	25
Sontag Polka, by D'Albert,	35
Saratoga Polka, by Korponay,	12½
Sultan Polka,	25 & 15
Star Company Polka, by Winner,	25
Sky Blue Polka, by Stayman,	25
Spanish Retreat Quick Step,	12½
Storm March Gallop, by Bilse,	25
Sailor Boy's Set; Rat-Catcher's Daughter, &c.,	25
Spanish Dance, Nos. 1 & 2,	6
Tulip Orange Polka Mazurka, by Jourdan,	25
The Gerald Polka, by Hogan,	25
Three Bells Polka, by Cook,	50
Thistle Schottisch, by Winner,	30
Traviata Quadrille, by Bellak,	30
The Titus March,	6
Uncle True set of Cotillions, by Marsh,	25
Vaillance Polka,	15
Wave Schottisch, by Magruder,	25
World's Fair Polka, by Beckel,	12½
Washington's March,	6
Wood Up, or the Mississippi Quick Step, by Holloway,	12½
Watson's Funeral March, by Kimball,	12½

Waltzes.

Bird Waltz, by Panormo,	25
Brightest Eye, by Bellak,	15
Dodge Waltz, by Marsh,	12½
Diamond State Polka Waltz, by Marsh,	25
Dreams of Youth Waltz, by Lenschow,	25
Dawn Waltz, by H. Louel,	25
Elfin Waltz,	12½
Evening Star Waltz, by Beyer,	25
Excursion Waltz, by Magruder,	25
Gertrude's Dream Waltz, by Beethoven,	25
Home as a Waltz,	6
Juan Grand Waltz,	25
Jovial Waltz, by Herz,	12½
Know Nothing Waltz, by Miss Clark,	25
Linden Waltz, by Czerny,	12½
Mollie's Dream Waltz, by Reissiger,	25
Midnight-hour Waltz, by Wallace,	15
Moonbeam Waltz, by Bellak,	15
Morning Star Waltz, by Beyer,	25
Medallion Waltz, by Colman,	25
Ole Bull Waltz, by Allen,	12½
Orange Waltz, by Marsh,	12½
Prima Donna Waltzes, by Jullien,	38
Redowa Waltz, by Labitzky,	25
Shower of Diamonds, by Linter,	50
Silver Lake Waltz, by Spindler,	15
Trivolian Waltz,	6
Traviata Waltz,	15

Airs from the most celebrated Operas, arranged for the Piano, with and without Variations.

Amanda Mazurka, by De Bubna,	25
Anvil Chorus, (from Il Trovatore,)	15
Anna Bolena Galop,	15
Air Montagnard, simplified by Bellak,	15
Album from La Traviata, arranged by Detta,	25
Bohemian Girl,	15
Brighter than the Stars, by Max Tzorr,	25
Cavatina, by Hunter,	15
Drops of Water, by Ascher,	50
Don Pasquale Serenade, arranged by Spindler,	15
Duquella Pira, from Il Trovatore, by Tzorr,	25
Fierce Flames are Raging, by Tzorr,	25
Fille Du Regiment, by Spindler,	15
Gran Dio, from La Traviata, by Detta,	25
Gipsey Chorus, from La Traviata, by Detta,	25
Grave of Uncle True with variations, by Bubna,	40
Galop Bachique,	15
Home, Sweet Home, with brilliant Variations,	50
Hymn to the Virgin, by Schwing,	38
Home Sweet Home,	15
Hob Nob and The Morning Star,	6
In Whispers Soft, &c., by Detta,	25
Kate Darling and Life let us Cherish,	6
La Traviata a Fantasie, by Jungmann,	75
La Bayadere, by Bellak,	15
La Traviata, (drinking song,)	15
Lucy Neale and Dance Boatmen Dance,	6
Libiamo, from La Traviata, by Verdi,	25
Monastery Bell,	15
Maiden's Prayer, by Spindler,	15
Macbeth, by Spindler,	15
Miserere, from Il Trovatore, by Max Tzorr,	25
Negro Medley, by Minnick,	25
Night Dews are Weeping,	25
Robert Le Diable,	15
Rigoletto,	15
Shower of Pearls, by Osborne,	37½
'Twas Night and all was Still, by Tzorr,	25
Thou art the Stars, by Detta,	25
Wreath of Flowers, Nos. 2, 3, 4 & 5, each	35
Waltzer and Air, from La Traviata, by Detta,	25
When in Conflict Fierce, by Tzorr,	25

Huntingdon, Oct. 12, 1859.

The Globe.

WILLIAM LEWIS, —PERSEVERE.— Editor and Proprietor.

VOL. XV. HUNTINGDON, PA., OCTOBER 12, 1859. NO. 16.

☞The following amusing anecdote comes to us true:

A man having a large family found it rather hard to keep up the table, and has adopted the following plan:

At evening, just before supper, he calls his children around him and addresses them thus—

"Who'll take a cent and do without his supper?"

"I! I! I!" exclaim the children eager to get the prize.

The old man pulls out a pocket book full of red cents which he keeps for the occasion, and after giving them one apiece, sends them off to bed.

Next morning they look like starved Arabs. The old man calls them around, and with an air of gravity asks—

"Who'll give a cent to have a nice warm biscuit for supper?"

It is needless to say that the cents were forthcoming. Good plan.

A FATHER'S REVENGE.—Buena Vista, Tennessee was the scene of a tragedy a few days since. Some weeks since Mr. John F. Jackson an opulent gentleman of that village, was informed that his daughter, a lovely girl of eighteen years, had been seduced by Dr. F. M. Bunch. He forthwith sought the man who had brought disgrace upon his name, and demanded that he should repair the wrong by marrying his victim. The Doctor declined at the time, and Jackson gave him three weeks to reconsider or leave the country. At the expiration of time, Bunch still declining to heal the wounds he had inflicted, the determined parent, restive with the sense of wounded honor and desperation, shot Bunch down in his office. He died instantly. Jackson delivered himself into custody, and when our informant left, was in the Paris (Tenn.) jail.—*Louisville Courier.*

Original Poetry.

THE DAISY.

BY MISS MARY RANKIN.

Tho' bordered with silver and centered with gold,
Yet few in the daisy can beauty behold.
Beneath the proud foot unthinkingly trod,
'Tis crushed in its meekness upon the cold sward.

Ah! say not 'tis vile—Omnipotent power
Hath shaded and formed this delicate flower;
'Tis then not in vain, that wisdom and skill,
Displayed in this flower hath a purpose to fill.

When the day-god takes up his march through the sky,
He tenderly kisses the tear from its eye;
The unconscious beauty awakes from its dreams,
And basks the day long in his bright golden beams.

Like a miniature sun, so dazzling and bright,
Reflecting the rays of its borrowed light,
It smilingly greets us, on the hill or the green,
Thus lending enchantment where e'er it is seen.

Ah! well I remember, in the morning of youth,
The zest it gave duty—the incentive to truth—
And now this bright gem, when crushed to the sward,
Throws back its bright blushes and looks up to God.

So meek and so mild, so patient and true,
Its fidelity seemed my young heart to woo,—
As o'er it I bent—it seemed whispering kind,
And bade me look upwards true pleasures to find.

Then say not *'tis vain,* "gold embossed flower!"
Oft hath it cheered in adversitie's hour!—
And taught me celestial joys to admire,
And ever and purely to Heaven aspire.

A Variety.

Divorced by Mistake.

One winter there came to Trenton, New Jersey, two men, named Smith and Jones, who had both of them designs on the Legislature. Jones had a bad wife and was in love with a pretty woman—he wished to be divorced from his bad wife, so that he might marry the pretty woman, who by the way, was a widow, with black eyes, and such a form! Therefore Jones came to Trenton for a divorce.

Smith had a good wife, good as an angel, and the mother of ten children, and Smith did not want to be divorced, but wanted to get a charter for a turnpike or plankroad to extend from Pig's Run to Terrapin Hollow.

Well, they with these different errands, came to Trenton, and addressed the assembled wisdom with the usual arguments.—First, suppers mainly composed of oysters with rich background of venison; second, liquors in great plenty, from "Jersey lightning," which is a kind of locomotive at full speed, reduced to liquor shape, to Newark champagne.

To speak in plain prose, the divorce man gave a champagne supper, and Smith, the turnpike man, followed with a champagne breakfast, under the molifying influence of which the assembled wisdom passed both the divorce and the turnpike bills; and Jones and Smith—a copy of each bill in their pocket—went home rejoicing, over many miles of sand, and through the tribulation of many stage coaches.

Smith arrived home in the evening, and as he sat down in his parlor, his pretty wife beside him—how pretty she did look!—and five of her children over-hearing the other five studying their lessons in the corner of the room, Smith was induced to expatiate upon the good results of his mission to Trenton.

"A turnpike, my dear; I am one of the directors and will be President. It will set me up love; we can send our children to the boarding school, and live in style out of the toll. Here is the charter, honey."

"Let me see it," said the pretty little wife, who was one of the nicest of wives, with plumpness and goodness dimpling all over her face. "Let me see it," as she leaned over Mr. Smith's shoulder.

But all at once Smith's vissage grew long; Smith's wife's vissage grew black.—Smith was not profane, but now he ripped out an awful oath.

"Blast us, wife, those infernal scoundrels at Trenton have gone and divorced us!"

It was too true; the parchment which he held was a bill of divorce, in which the names of Smith and Smith's wife, appeared in frightfully legible letters.

Mrs. Smith wiped her eyes with the corner of her apron.

"Here's a turnpike," said she sadly, "and with the whole of our ten children staring me in the face, I ain't your wife! Here's a turnpike."

"Blast the pike and the Legislature and—"

Well the fact is that Smith, reduced to single blessedness, enacted into a stranger to his own wife, swore awfully. Although the night was dark, and most of the denizens of Smith's town had gone to bed, Smith bid his late wife to put on her bonnet, and arm and arm they proceeded to the clergyman of their church.

"Goodness bless me!" exclaimed the good man, as he saw them enter. Smith looking like the last of June shad, Smith's wife wiping her eyes with the corner of her apron—"Goodness bless me, what's the matter?"

"The matter is, I want you to marry us two right off," replied Smith.

"Marry you!" ejaculated the clergyman with expanded fingers and awful eyes; "are you drunk, or what is the matter with you?"

However, he finally married them over straightway and would not take a fee; the fact is, grave as he was, he was dying to be alone that he might give vent to a surpressed laugh that was shaking him all over; and Smith and Smith's wife went joyfully home and kissed every one of their children. The little Smiths never knew that their father and mother had ever been made strangers to each other by legislative enactment.

Meanwhile, and on the same night Jones returned to his native town—Burlington, I believe—and sought at once the fine black eyes which he hoped shortly to call his own. The pretty widow sat on the sofa a white kerchief tied carelessly around her white throat, her black hair laid in silky waves against each rosy cheek.

"Divorce is the word," cried Jones, playfully patting her double chin; "the fact is, Eliza, I'm rid of that cursed woman, and you and I'll be married to-night. I knew how to manage those scoundrels at Trenton. A champagne supper—or was it a breakfast did the business for them. "Put on your bonnet and let us go to the preacher's at once, dearest."

The widow, who was among widows as peaches among apples, put on her bonnet and took Jones's arm, and—

"Just look how handsome it is put on parchment?" cried Jones, pulling out the document before her; "here's the law that says that Jacob Jones and Ann Caroline Jones are two."

Putting her plump gloved hand on his shoulder she did look.

"O dear!" she said, with her rosy lips, and sank back, half-fainting on the sofa.

"O blazes!" cried Jones, and sank beside her rustling the fatal parchment in his hand; "here's a lot of happiness and champagne gone to ruin."

It is a hard case. Instead of being divorced and at liberty to marry the widow, Jacob Jones was simply by the Legislature of New Jersey incorporated into a turnpike company and what made it worse, authorized to run from Burlington to Bristol!

When you reflect that Burlington and Bristol are located just a little apart, on opposite sides of the Delaware river, you will observe the extreme hopelessness of Jone's case.

"It's all the fault of that turnpike man who gave them the champagne supper—or was it the breakfast?" cried Jones in agony. "If they had chartered me a turnpike from Pig's Run to Terrapin Hollow, I might have borne it; but the very idea of building a turnpike from Burlington to Bristol bears an absurdity on the face of it.

So it did.

"And ain't you divorced?" said Eliza, a tear running down each cheek.

"No!" thundered Jones, crushing his hat between his knees, and what's worse the Legislature is adjourned, and gone home drunk and won't be back to Trenton till next year.

It was a hard case.

The mistake (?) had occurred on the last day of the session, when legistors and transcribing clerks were laboring under a champagne breakfast. Smith's name had been put where Jones's ought to have been, and "wisey wersey," as the Latin poet has it.

The Maniac's Sermon.

A CAMP MEETING INCIDENT.

It was eleven o'clock on Sabbath morning. Two sermons had been preached during the forenoon, and the "horn" had been blown, announcing the third. The people flocked into the meeting by thousands, for a popular divine was to preach at that hour.

The eloquent minister arose. All was instantly hushed, and the stillness of midnight reigned in that vast assembly. He opened a book and read therefrom, softly, sweetly, musically, a hymn which he requested the congregation to sing.

The music of a camp meeting! Who that has ever heard it has not paused to drink the rich melody into the soul? It comes with a grandeur yet softness and sweetness that can be heard no where else. The measured strains of a multitude of voices, united in charming melody and unbroken by walls, swell in solemn grandeur and roll deliciously through the forests, awaking re-echoing cadence on every hand, and

"Untwisting all the charms that tie
The hidden soul of harmony."

After the hymn had been sung the minister offered up a brief, eloquent prayer and then resumed his seat. He had taken the Bible on his knee and was searching for his text, when he and the whole congregation were startled by the appearance of the Maniac Smith.

The young lunatic, who was known to nearly all present, ascended the pulpit with folded arms, bowed head, and slow and steady pace. Facing the immense congregation, he gazed carefully around, and amid breathless silence spread forth his hands, and in the most thrilling manner, said:

"Your music is the music of heaven. The pretty birds in yonder tree tops are bearing it with their songs to the lips of angels above, who will convey it as sweet incense to the omnipotent throne of God. Joy is thine, O Israel, You possess the living soul that rejoices in the glory of immortality. My soul is dead! A cherished child of pity, I became recreant to the God that gave me being, and sold my life, my happiness, my immortality to the prince of Darkness. Like the traveller who has a trodden path before him, but is attracted to dangerous places by the gaudy show of some poisonous flower, I have wandered to my death! My feet were placed in the straight and narrow way, were covered with the sandals of piety, and the Christian staff was placed in my hands, and yet, O God! I wandered to my death! The gaudy bauble of vice, the showy, yet thorny flowers of wickedness drew me aside. I left the smooth surface and ascended to the mountains of trouble and yet I gained not the object of my pursuit. On I dashed, reckless and indifferent to my fate. The wicked one, who sought my destruction, led me on, and I, cursed with remorse, followed. I knew I was plunging into ruin, with a soul already accursed, what cared I? Voluntarily I had sought death and it came, It was one night, and oh! it was a fearful night to me. Exhausted, doomed, and accursed, I was still clambering up the mountain of sin. I came to a chasm deep and fearful. The lightnings of heaven flashed about me, and the thunder of Omnipotence pealed in my ears. I felt myself moving towards the fearful chasm!—Death, eternal death, stared me in the face, and I screamed piteously for help. No one came to aid me. My companions in vice listened not to my cries, and to whom I had sold my soul derided me in mockery! I was moved on nearer and nearer to the precipice. Frantically I grasped each shrub, and rock, and prominence which lay in my way, but they crumbled in my hands. I reached the edge of the precipice! I glanced into the deep abyss of death! Oh! terror! I plead to heaven for mercy, but great God it was too late!

My sin covered soul trembled with the agony it suffered, and was piteous in its appeals. But the thunder told me, "Too late," and gracious heavens, my own cowardly soul told me "Too late!" I felt myself going over the precipice. I clung with the tenacity to everything within my reach, but nothing could save me. I shrieked! I groaned!—Down to perdition went my soul!"

Here the maniac paused. His vivid portraiture of his career had startled the whole congregation, some of whom shrieked outright as he represented his soul's frightful descent into perdition. He paused a minute only. Then calmly again, he softly said:

"I am living without a soul! You people of God may sing your praises, for it is as sweet incense to your souls. But you sinners must repent this day, or your souls will go after mine over that deep, dark, fearful abyss into hell! Will you repent, or go with me into eternal perdition?"

The effect of this was more than terrific.—Screams arose from the gay and giddy in the congregation.

A year or two before, this young man was brought home one evening insensibly drunk. The next morning found him the victim of a terrible fever, brought on by his sensual indulgence and extravagant course of life. Of that fever he was, after many fearful days, and much tender care by his relatives, cured, but it left him a raving maniac. So fearful were his mad efforts, it became necessary to keep him in a Lunatic Asylum, to keep him from perpetrating mischief on himself and others. He remained there until within a few weeks of the camp meeting, when he became sufficiently restored to be returned to the custody of his family. He was still insane, but was mild and obedient, and under these circumstances he was taken with the family to the camp meeting, the utmost vigilance being exercised over him.

Young men! beware of the cup! the destroyer of the soul!

An Editor's Dream.

A bachelor editor, out west, who had received from the fair hand of a bride, a piece of elegant wedding cake to dream on, thus gives the results of his remarkable experience:

We put it under the head of our pillow, shut our eyes sweetly as an infant, blessed with an easy conscience, and soon snored prodigiously.

The god of dreams gently touched us, and in fancy we were married! Never was a little editor so happy. It was "my love," "dearest," "sweetest," ringing in our ears every moment. Oh, that the dream had broken off here! But no! some evil genius had put it into the head of our ducky to have a pudding for dinner, just to please her lord.

In a hungry dream we sat down to dinner. Well, the happy pudding moment had arrived, and a huge slice almost obscured from sight the plate before us.

"My dear," said we fondly, "did you make this?"

"Yes, love, don't you think it is very nice?"

"'Tis the best bread pudding I ever tasted in my life."

"Plumb pudding, ducky," suggested my wife.

"Oh, no, my dearest wife, bread pudding. I was always extremely fond of 'em."

"Call that bread pudding?" asked my wife, while her lips slightly curled with contempt.

"Certainly, my dear—reckon I have had enough at the Sherwood House to know—bread pudding, my love, by all means."

"Husband, this is really too bad; plumb pudding is harder to make than bread pudding, and more expensive, and a great deal better. This is plumb pudding, sir!" and my pretty wife's brow flushed with excitement.

"My love, my sweet, my dear love," exclaimed we, soothingly, "do not get angry.—I'm sure it is very good, if it is bread pudding."

"You mean wretch," replied my wife in a higher tone, "you know it's plumb pudding."

"Then, ma'am, it's so meanly put together, and so badly burned, that the devil himself wouldn't know it. I tell you, madam, most distinctly and emphatically, and I will not be contradicted, that it is bread pudding, and the meanest kind at that."

"It is plumb pudding!" rose above the din, as we had a distinct perception of feeling two plates smash across our head.

"Bread pudding," we groaned, in a rage, as a chicken left our hand, and flying with extremely swift motion across the table, landed in madam's bosom.

"Plumb pudding!" resounded the war cry from the enemy, as the gravy dish took us where we had been disposing the first part of our dinner.

"Bread pudding forever!" shouted we in defiance, unsuccessfully dodging the soup tureen, and falling beneath the greasy contents.

"Plumb pudding!" yelled the amiable spouse, as noticing our misfortune, she determined to keep us down by piling on our head the dishes with no gentle hand, then in rapid succession followed the war cry, "Plumb pudding," she shrieked with every dish.

"Bread pudding," in smothered tones came from the pile in reply. Then it was "plumb pudding," in rapid succession, the last cries growing feebler, until we just distinctly recollect it had grown into a whisper. "Plumb pudding, plumb pudding," resounded like thunder, followed by a crash, as my wife leaped upon the pile with both feet, and commenced jumping up and down. Then, thank Heaven, we awoke and found it was a dream. This dreamed has determined us—we shall never marry.

☞"'Tis strange," uttered a young Verdant Green as he staggered back to his room after his first initiation into the mysteries of a college supper party. "'Tis strange how evil communications corrupt good maners.—I've been surrounded by tumblers all evening, and now I'm a tumbler myself."

The Words We Speak.

Our words are imperishable. Like winged messengers, they go forth, but never to be recalled—never to die. They have a mighty power for good or evil through all time; and before the great white throne they will be swift witnesses for or against us. Within the massive walls of a gloomy building, a nobleman was undergoing inquisition as to certain acts of his previous life. He had been told that nothing he might say should be divulged or recorded, and he spoke freely.—But soon, behind the arras, his ear caught the sharp clicking sound of a pen which recorded every word he uttered; and by those words was he to be judged. Do we remember that there is an ear that catches every word we utter, no matter how lightly, how scoffingly, how secretly spoken? and by these words shall we one day be acquitted or condemned. The words we speak have a mighty power; and there are words angels might covet to utter. There are words of comfort to the afflicted.. There are sad hearts that need comfort everywhere; and there are words of blame and cold indifference, or feigned sympathy, that fall like lead upon the stricken spirit; and there are blessed heart-words of cheer, which bear up the soul and enables it to look out from the dark night of its troubles, and discern the lining of the gloomy cloud.

There are words of counsel to the young, to the tempted, the erring. Speak them earnestly, affectionately, and though the waves of circumstances may soon waft them away from your observation, yet such is God's husbandry, that if uttered in faith and with prayer, he will take care that on an earthly or heavenly shore the reaper shall rejoice that he was a sower. There are kind words; how little they cost, how priceless they are! Harsh words beget harshness; and fretful words, like a certain little insect, sling us into a feverish impatience. But who can resist the charm of kind loving words? The heart expands beneath them as to the sunshine, and they make us happier and better.

It was said of the gifted Mrs. Fry, that she had a wise, kind word for all, and those kind words unlocked stony hearts, as well as prison doors, and made her a blessed visitant to the criminal and the outcast. Then there are cheerful words, and why should we dole them out with such miserly care? They ought to form the atmosphere of our homes, and to be habitual in all our social intercourse. We have so many weaknesses, so many crosses, so much that is down hill in life, that the habit of thinking and speaking cheerfully is invaluable. But there are other words against which we should pray, "Set a watch, O Lord, before my mouth; keep the door of my lips." There are words of falsehoods and deceit. They lurk in our expressions of civility, our professions of friendship, our transactions of business.—How early do children, even, begin to weave a web of deceit, and how carefully should those who train them watch against this sin, and, by example and precept, teach them always and everywhere to speak the truth.—There are slanderous words—how mischievous they are! There are the words of the tale-bearers, that breed suspicions and jealousies in neighborhoods, and between families. There are envious words and flattering words, which are no better. Then there is the long list of idle words, or by-words as they are called. How many there are, who shudder at an oath, who yet break the spirit of the third commandment, by constantly interlarding their conversation by expletives.

But there is another class of words to which we would gladly refer—they are the words of eternal life. Cornelius sent for Peter that he might speak words to him.—What blessed words those were! will they not be rem

THE GLOBE.

Circulation—the largest in the county.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday, October 12, 1859.

BLANKS! BLANKS! BLANKS!

CONSTABLE'S SALES,	ATTACH'T EXECUTIONS,
ATTACHMENTS,	EXECUTIONS,
SUMMONS,	DEEDS,
SUBPŒNAS,	MORTGAGES,
SCHOOL ORDERS,	JUDGMENT NOTES,
LEASES FOR HOUSES,	NATURALIZATION P'KS,
COMMON BONDS,	JUDGMENT BONDS,
WARRANTS,	FEE BILLS,

NOTES, with a waiver of the $300 Law.
JUDGMENT NOTES, with a waiver of the $300 Law.
ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, with Teachers.
MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES, for Justices of the Peace and Ministers of the Gospel.
COMPLAINT, WARRANT, and COMMITMENT, in case of Assault and Battery, and Affray.
SCIERE FACIAS, to recover amount of Judgment.
COLLECTORS' RECEIPTS, for State, County, School, Borough and Township Taxes.

Printed on superior paper, and for sale at the Office of the HUNTINGDON GLOBE.

BLANKS. of every description, printed to order, neatly, at short notice, and on good Paper.

THE ELECTION.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY.

MAJORITIES.

Huntingdon—Cochran 20, Keim 17, Africa 81, Watson 20, Miller 71, Brown 57.

Walker—Africa 43, Speer 38, Miller 40.

Henderson—Keim 3, Cochran 1, Africa 62, Watson 16, Miller 16, Galbraith 6, Barrick 48, Brown 24.

Juniata—Keim 5, Cochran 4, Africa 21, Speer 4.

Morris—Cochran 30, Keim 31, Wigton 21, Watson 19, White 28, Campbell 20, Moore 30, Brown 21, Ramey 31.

Mt. Union—Cochran 11, Keim 10, Wigton 10, Speer 15, White 10, Campbell 11, Moore 14, Mattern 9, Ramey 6.

West—Africa 9, Speer 8.

Petersburg—Wright 44, Rowe 47, Africa 58, Speer 56, Miller 36, Galbraith 39 Barrick 63, Brown 65.

Tell—Africa 63, Speer 70, Miller 58, Barrick 56.

Cromwell—Wigton 34, Watson 13, White 27, Moore 46, Mattern 24.

Clay—Wigton 4, Watson 6, White 26, Moore 11, Brown 18.

Brady—Cochran 47, Wigton 22, Watson 84, White 23.

Union—Cochran 56, Keim 57, Africa 32, Speer 50. White 53, Campbell 91, Moore 38, Mattern 6, Ramey 64, Cunningham 56, Graffius 56.

Shirley—Africa 49, Speer 74, Miller 25, Barrick 23, Brown 77.

Dublin—Africa 9, Speer 6, White 10, Moore 4, Mattern 3.

Oneida—Cochran 40, Keim 40, Wigton 24, Watson 28, White 39, Campbell 39, Moore 29, Mattern 4, Ramey 15.

Barree—Wright 93, Rowe 93, Africa 100, Speer 114, Miller 57. Barrick 111, Brown 109.

Jackson—Wigton 47, Watson 60, White 110, Moore 4, McBurney 19.

Franklin—Wigton 18, Watson 30.

Warriorsmark—Wigton 29, Watson 58.

Cass—Cochran 59. Keim 62, Wigton 30, Watson 36, White 73, Campbell 64, Moore 61, Mattern 54, Ramey 40.

Birmingham—Cochran 17, Keim 16, Wigton 2, Speer 3, White 12, Campbell 12, Moore 9, Mattern 4, Ramey 8.

Porter—Watson 71.

Penn—Cochran 17, Keim 17, Africa 10, Speer 5, White 7, Campbell 18, Moore 5, Brown 3.

Hopewell—Cochran 54. Keim 52. Wigton 46, Watson 47, White 40, Campbell 53, Moore 54, Mattern 52, Ramey 64.

Carbon—Wright 20, Rowe 21, Africa 27. Speer 27, Miller 21. Galbraith 21, Barrick 21. Brown 22, McBurney 18.

Porter, Tod and Springfield to hear from

It is generally conceded that Africa is elected by from 50 to 100 majority, and that Speer is defeated by from 30 to 50 votes. Brown's election is conceded by from 50 to 100 votes. For the balance of the Democratic ticket we have but scattering returns, but think the chances against us.

Springfield—Cochran 36, Keim 36, Wigton 24, Watson 27, White 35, Mattern 36, Campbell 38, Moore 34, Ramey 31, Cunningham 19.

BLAIR COUNTY.—Majorities for Hall, for Senator—Altoona 432, Hollidaysburg 62, Taylor township 115, Antis township 127.

Majority in Blair for Hall about 500.

CAMBRIA COUNTY.—Hall's majority in Johnstown 169—gain 99. Durbin's majority in the county will not exceed 300.

Conamaugh gives Durbin 31—gave Pershing 82.

Hall's majority in the District 1000.

THE FATE OF SIR JOHN FRANKLIN KNOWN AT LAST.—*It will be seen by the Foreign* news in another column, that the heroic patience of Lady Franklin has finally been rewarded, the "Fox," which she last year sent to the Arctic regions having returned, bringing precise intelligence of the death of Sir John Franklin, with positive information as to the fate of the ships which he commanded. Sir John, it seems, died on the 11th of June, 1847, and a record of the Expedition to the 25th of April, 1848—nearly a year later—had been discovered. The ships Erebus and Terror, had been abandoned in the ice three days previously, and their crews had started for the coast.

COST OF THE WAR.—The brief war in Italy was rather an expensive affair, as well as enormously life-destructive. The campaign was only of about two months' duration, and yet, according to the figuring up of the *Algemeine Zeitung*, the cost to the immediate parties, and to the neutral powers who were required to make preparations for contingencies, was two hundred and sixty millions of dollars, or nearly one-third of the amount of the whole national debt of England! Of this great sum, France and Austria each "bled" to the magnificent amount of one hundred million dollars each.

Col. D. H. Huyett.

We publish the following from the *Kansas City Daily Journal of Commerce*, that Dan's many friends in this county, may know that he is still in the land of the living, and making things move as briskly as ever. We wish him success.

AN IMPORTANT WORK.—Col. D. H. Huyett, the author and artist, is now in this county, collecting materials for his forth-coming work—a complete Gazetteer of Missouri.—This will be like no other work of the kind ever published. Col. Huyett is a ready writer, an indefatigable worker, and one of the first artists in the country. His plan is to visit every county in the State, and from the lips of its oldest citizens, from official sources, and personal observation, to embody every matter of interest, historical, agricultural and commercial. In addition to this, his fertile pencil will give actual views of the principal cities and towns, public buildings, scenery etc. He has now been about one year constantly at work, and from a glance at his portfolio, we are confident that no State in the Union will be able to compete with Missouri in the presentation and copiousness of its local resources, history and important natural features. Col. Huyett our citizens will find to be a genial gentleman, full of enthusiasm for his work, and open hearted in his intercourse, having preserved his generous impulses, fresh as when he left his native soil in old Maryland to hunt the buffalo, and sketch the wild scenes of the Prairie and Western life. *It is the duty of every one to aid him by every means in their power.* The incidents of Missouri history equal in wild adventure and romantic interest. to that of any State of the Union, is fast fading away, and unless preserved will soon be forgotten. It thus becomes a matter of State pride that these stirring events should be wrested from oblivion, and it is a fortunate circumstance that the task has fallen into the hands of the popular author artist of the West.

THE STATE ELECTION.

The returns indicate the election of Cochran and Keim, and an Opposition majority in both branches of the Legislature.

Letter from Our Ex-Reporter.

Many are the changes that have been wrought since we last met you, dear reader, as Ex-Reporter. The season of the "sear and yellow leaf" has spread her mantle about us, and all is beginning to wear a sad and gloomy appearance. Jack Frost has already visited us in all his bitter and stinging pugnacity. Already have we had sure tokens of the approach of winter. The trees are casting off their summer foliage, the frogs have ceased to carol forth their nightly strains, the farmer has gathered in his grain, and all are busy preparing for the dark, dull, dreary winter months. How thankful we should be for the bountiful blessings so lavishly bestowed upon us every hour, day, week, month and year of our lives. There is no end to the blessings and gifts of an all-wise providence to an ungrateful people. Enough! It is not our purpose to write a sermon, but to give a brief report of the County Fair, which was held on the 4th, 5th, and 6th inst., on the old grounds at this place.

On Monday morning, the genial rays of old Sol shone forth in all the splendor of a calm May day, the excitement had already commenced, and an unusual crowd could be seen collected on the street corners, discussing and prophecying in regard to the coming Fair. The arrangements were completed on Monday, and now all were awaiting the morrow.

On Tuesday morning the excitement ran high. Articles for exhibition began to come in freely, and our "country cousins" flocked in by half dozens and dozens; however, the display did not amount to much, as it was the first day. By Wednesday, the Fair was fairly under headway. The crowd was immense, the display of fruit, flowers and paintings, better than ever exhibited at any previous Fair, as also everything else in proportion. On Thursday, the excitement ran still higher, and the crowd even greater than the day previous. The specimens of everything on exhibition was of the very best stamp, and it is our firm conviction, that Huntingdon county can vie with any other of its size in the State. In the afternoon, the annual address was delivered by Dr. J. H. Wintrode, of Marklesburg, and was an able and eloquent effort. The Awarding Committees, having by this time completed their labors, the list of premiums awarded were read. It is not necessary that we should enter into detail of the articles on exhibition, for several reasons. First, because all who were interested, and wished to see what was exhibited, attended the Fair. Second, I have neither the time nor inclination. Third, your space is too valuable to be taken up with news already familiar to almost every citizen of the county. For these reasons I forbear.

There was several attractive features on the grounds, which, perhaps, may be well to notice. The first on the list, and the centre of all attraction, was the "flying horses."—*A continual crowd from morning till evening*, surrounded them. The country folks seemed to be particularly delighted with them. We witnessed several amusing scenes, and did we not despise tale-telling, we would very likely make some of the young lads and lasses blush, by hinting at a few of the many things we saw. Near the poultry stand, on a dry goods box, might have been seen a man, who was trying to sell polish for any kind of ware, as also some kind of medicine. We, however, did not take the trouble to ascertain what it was good for, or what its quality. He also made several speeches, *very* eloquent, grand, and sublime. Another man was mounted on a box a few feet from the one above noticed, selling jewelry, &c.—This man made several pretty good Democratic speeches, and attracted quite an audience. We must say, to the credit of the citizens of Huntingdon county, that there was more harmony and good feeling, and less drunkenness and rowdyism connected with this Fair, than was ever before at any previous one. Of course, there were some who had to make blackguards of themselves, and we are sorry to say, a majority of them belonged to our own *moral* town. We are inclined to think, however, that we are improving a little of late. Hope so, at least. Several disgraceful fights occurred at various points in town, but for the credit of the place, we forbear making any further mention of them, until forbearance ceases to be a virtue. We have heretofore noticed them in detail, and all the thanks we have received, as yet, is the curses of the moral part of the community, for holding up to the public gaze, the sins and transgressions of those outlawed scoundrels who are always destroying the public peace. EX-REPORTER.

DOUGLAS IN INDIANA.—The Democracy of Montgomery held one of the largest Conventions that ever assembled in that county, at Crawfordsville, on Saturday last. The following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That no power can or ought to prevent the people of the Territories from passing such laws upon the subject of slavery as they deem proper, and that by this we mean to assert the doctrine of popular sovereignty as it was understood by James Buchanan in 1856, and now heroically maintained by Stephen A. Douglas.

FIRE AT LEAVENWORTH CITY.—A fire broke out in the extensive Bay State Planing Mills at Leavenworth City, belonging to Higginbotham & Co., on the 2d inst. The mills were entirely destroyed, and also a building known as the City Foundry. The loss is estimated at about $20,000—insured for $6,800.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE GLOBE.

A Trip Among the Mountains.

To the Editor of the Huntingdon Globe:—

It is very seldom, the traveler finds a more pleasant railroad ride, than in making the trip from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh, on the Penn. Central.

The valley of the Susquehanna, stretching, and in some places, winding along, among the distant mountains, presents a picture at once lovely and beautiful. Having passed this, we came to that of the Juniata, of which I have often sung in my boyhood days:

"Where sweep the waters
Of the Blue Juniata."

Perhaps, Mr. Ed. you will think me vain to write to you concerning scenery, which you see every day with your own eyes, and which is familiar to all in your vicinity.—Still however it may not be uninteresting to hear the opinions of a stranger—one who visited your part of the country for the first time. It is not unpleasant at times, to hear a description of the most familiar scenes of our childhood.

It is through those descriptions often, that we wander back to drink in anew the joys we were wont to feel in those sweet and happy days.

Stopping at your very pleasant town, borough, or village—it is one of the three I presume—I prefer calling it the last named. I spent the night with some friends, and, on the following day started on a visit to Cassville, "over among the mountains."

I had the good fortune to fall in with a very fine gentleman from Cassville, at Huntingdon. He was to return on that day, and I had the pleasure of going over in his company. I shall long remember our ride over "Old Sideling Hill mountain." I had changed railroad for *one horse-power*, and I believe I never had a buggy ride before, so pleasant as this was. On the tops of "Sideling Hill" we had a delightful prospect.

Far off as the eye could reach, stretched the huge mountains, until they seemed lost in the distance—in the deep and fadeless blue. The oblique rays of the sun, gave new charms to the scene, by guilding the deep tinted forests with their golden light; giving the beautiful effect of shadow and sunlight—sunlight and shade.

We arrived at Cassville sometime before sun-set, and on nearing the village, I looked about for the buildings of the Seminary, but did not readily discover them as they are situated among trees, on the slope of a mountain just a little one side of town. My chief object in visiting Cassville, was to visit the Seminary.

On arriving there, I was cordially greeted by M. McN. Walsh, A. M.—the worthy Principal. We had been boys together in the olden time, and I was very glad to meet him. Since those good old times, we had seldom met; and in the meanwhile, he had taken a trip to Europe to increase his literary acquisitions. We were still the boys of former days, but not as we were then, however—when we played together on the banks of our native river. The years circle on, and change moves with the years; and though we are changed, still in memory we wander again the scenes of early life. I found Prof. Walsh at the head of a fine school, giving battle to error and ignorance, to do which more effectually, he has associated with him—gentlemen and ladies—teachers, making in all, a faculty able and well qualified for effective work.

The advantages offered are superior—the tuition very low—the modern languages used considerably in conversation—the ornamental branches taught by an exceedingly accomplished teacher. The specimens of wax work, &c., &c., are very fine—they cannot be excelled in any school in the country.—I trust the people through your section of Pennsylvania will feel themselves ever ready to sustain institutions of this kind, where, with the ornamental and higher branches, a thorough knowledge of the ordinary English branches is acquired. I say success to this Institution, and not only to this, but to all kindred ones, where true mental development is the object—where we educate to make *men* and *women*—where we are ever building up manhood and womanhood.

It has been my lot, among other things for some years of my life, to be a teacher. I have taught in the common school, the academy, and the college, and I see more and more the necessity of thorough mental training with the young. Don't stuff them—teach them to labor—to think—make *thinkers*. *Labor ominia vincit*, says Virgil—labor conquers all things—a motto as beautiful now as when penned by the immortal Latin Poet. A motto, alas, which some schools never know, or at least if they know it, never put it in practice.

It seems to me that Cassville is very finely located for a school of high order, indeed that part of the country is well calculated for such institutions of learning. Send the student where he can breathe the fresh mountain air, and drink from the pure spring and mountain stream—where he can clamber to the high mountain top to see the beauties, and in so doing acquire his daily exercise—and you give him health and strength—and with an ever renewed vigor and energy he pushes on into the fields of mental acquisition, inspired with new life.

After a short, but very pleasant visit in this "mountain village," I started over again to get to the cars.

I never tire of such beautiful scenery.—What a fine place for a painter. What a place for the geologist to study. Those great mountains whose foundations are the "eternal rock," are everywhere about you, mounting upwards in solemn grandeur toward the heavens. Mountains whose tops are bathed in the earliest rays of morning, and gilded by the latest beams of closing day; on whose sides gather the first shadows of approaching night, that seem to fill up the dark outline, and to draw their huge forms nearer to you, as some awful presence, those majestic forms—they are God's great watch towers of the world. On observing the rocks, I was strongly impressed with the peculiarities of position of the various strata.

I found some sections, where they were on an angle of 45°, and even as high as 60°. I also found them, as it were, meeting each other, causing the mass between them to assume a wedge-like form.

These strata form great basins and underlie the whole coal formation. The question might well arise to the observer, what great convulsion of nature has thus broken through those vast layers of rock, and turned them upward; in some places, almost perpendicularly? Was it some mighty cataclysm whose flood-gates burst open the very bowels of the earth? or was it through volcanic agency—the bursting forth of pent-up fires that have burned since creation? Perhaps the latter—it is the more prevailing theory; however, it has objections. We know as yet but very little of some of Nature's most beautiful workings. The more we delve into her depths, the more mysterious many times she appears, We are continually making new discoveries, some throwing additional light upon researches already made, and others leading us into new difficulties.

We are continually reminded of our own littleness, and of our dependence upon that power behind Nature, that "wields the planets and moves the universe." This theme is a pleasant one to me, Mr. Editor, and my pen has run along unawares, already much further than I intended. Suffice it to say in closing, I hope this will not be my last visit among the mountains; but should I not visit them again, my mind will wander over them, still measuring their outlines, and thinking of their beauties.

Most truly Yours,
VIATOR.

CUMBERLAND COLLEGE, at Princton, Kentucky, Sep. 30, 1859.

Later From Europe.

Return of the Steamer Fox—Relics of the Franklin Expedition—Record of the Cruise Discovered.

The steamship Canada, at Halifax, brings Liverpool dates to the 24th, three days later than previous advices.

The screw steamship Fox, Captain McClintock, sent by Lady Franklin to the Arctic regions in search of the traces of Sir John Franklin's expedition, had returned to England, having been completely successful. At Point William, on the north west coast of King William's Island, a record was found, dated April 25th, 1848, signed by Captains Crozier and Fitz James. The record says the Erebus and Terror were abandoned three days previously in the ice, five leagues to the N. N. W., and that the survivors, in all amounting to 105, were proceeding to the Great Fish River. Sir John Franklin had died on June 11, 1847, and the total deaths, to date, had been nine officers and fifteen men. Many deeply interesting relics of the expedition were found on the western shore on King Williams Island, and others were obtained from the Esquimaux, who stated that after their abandonment one of the ships was crushed in the ice and another forced ashore. The Fox was unable to penetrate beyond Bellot's Straits, and wintered in Brentford Bay. Minute and interesting details of the expedition are published. Several skeletons of Franklin's men, large quantities of clothing, &c., and a duplicate record up to the abandonment of the ship, was discovered.

From California.

SENATOR BRODERICK KILLED IN THE DUEL WITH CHIEF JUSTICE TERRY.

ST. LOUIS, OCT. 8.—The overland mail from San Francisco on the 16th ult., has reached Jefferson City.

The San Francisco papers contain a report of the duel fought between Senator Broderick and Judge Terry.

The duel took place near San Francisco on the morning of the 13th ult. Senator Broderick fell on the first fire, pierced through the lungs. He lingered until half past nine o'clock on the morning of the 16th when he died.

The community was profoundly agitated by the melancholy event.

Judge Terry was not hurt.

PARTICULARS OF SENATOR BRODERICK'S DEATH—THE FORTIFICATIONS AT SAN JUAN.

ST. LOUIS, OCT. 9.—The overland mail, with dates to the 16th ult., has arrived here.

Some of the passengers from San Francisco evince a disposition to make it appear that Senator Broderick was the victim of a conspiracy, resulting in the duel with Judge Terry, but the most prominent passenger asserts that the duel was conducted in strict accordance with the misnamed code of honor. Mr. Broderick's pistol went off before he had raised it to a line with his antagonist. Judge Terry's shot took effect two inches from the right nipple, carrying away part of his breast bone. Mr. Broderick suffered intense agony from the time he was shot till he died. The mail left San Francisco two hours after his death was announced, and all the flags in the city were displayed at half mast, and the emblems of mourning were beginning to appear in all directions.

NEW ORLEANS, OCT. 9—The steamship Star from Minatitlan, has arrived, bringing California dates to the 20th ult., four days later than previously received by overland mail.

The steamers John L. Stephens and Orizaba left San Francisco on the 20th, with $1,800,000 in gold.

Senator Broderick's funeral had taken place at San Francisco, and was the most imposing demonstration ever witnessed there. The public are much incensed against his opponent, Judge Terry, who has been arrested to await an investigation.

Attorney General Black and Judge Douglas on Territorial Sovereignty.

[From the Baltimore Dispatch.]

The *peculiar* friends of the Administration are chuckling with effected delight, at a long and labored publication reviewing the doctrines of Judge Douglas on territorial sovereignty. This publication first appeared in the administration organ at Washington, and its authorship is generally conceded to no less a personage than Attorney General Black a member of the cabinet of President Buchanan. We are, at all times, opposed to these political and militant attorney generals, and think they would do more service to their country if they confined their labors to their official business, of which we have heard it stated that Attorney General Black has his hands full, and at which he is always "a slow coach" when called on for the discharge of his official duties.

Even if we were disposed to overlook the *politician* in so high an officer, we certainly are not willing to compliment a Democratic attorney general, or any cabinet officer, who stoops from his high position to become a *volunteer* and *vindictive* assailant of a gallant and distinguished Democratic champion.

From such a source, regarding his official position alone, we should expect at least a spirit of fairness and impartial justice, and we see no traces of such a manifestation in the article of Judge Black. He virtually assails Judge Douglas because his doctrine is precisely that which President Buchanan avowed in his letter accepting the Cincinnati nomination, viz: "That the people of a territory, *like those of a State*, shall decide for themselves whether slavery shall or shall not exist in their limits."

What a mortifying spectacle of partisan malevolence and impotent rage is exhibited when we see a vindictive cabinet officer assailing Judge Douglas for reiterating and defending the very principle on which that cabinet officer came into office.

If it is treason or folly in Judge Douglas to advocate such a principle, what was it in President Buchanan who led the way?—Where is the Attorney General's lash that it does not strike the higher criminal rather than the humbler offender? Is he silent and submissive towards the President only because he is in office under him? If so away with such slavishness and let us have no more militant cabinet officers, unless at least they have the spirit to strike in the name of justice and truth all who offend, whether found in the highest or lowest situation.

We may hereafter add to our review of this flash article of Judge Black, and show its many misrepresentations; but at present denounce its malevolence and deplore the vindictive and imbecile spirit of executive proscription from which it emanated, and which has, for two years past, waged deadly but impotent warfare against the distinguished Stephen A. Douglas.

Douglas and His Revilers.

The Baltimore *Dispatch* contains some excellent remarks in an article rebuking the folly of those pretended Democratic presses that have recently exhibited so much bitterness towards Judge Douglas, on account of his defence of Popular Sovereignty. The Cincinnati *Gazette* spits out any amount of venom against the author of the Harper article. It says that "the influence exerted by it will be chiefly in promoting a permanent division of the Democratic party," &c. To this and other remarks of the *Gazette*, the *Dispatch* replies:

"What principle does the document maintain? and how is it possible that it should divide the Democratic party, unless the party is going against itself, and repudiates its own principles? Mr. Calhoun, Mr. Buchanan, and all the great Democratic statesmen of the North and the South, have said *that Congress should not interfere with the institution of slavery in the territories, but it should be left to the people within their limits to adopt their own policy*. All that Douglas maintains, in this document is, that *what they said*, is not only good policy, in order to avoid the slavery agitations in the country, but that the fundamental principles of government require it. They must be hard put to it for something to fall out about, if the men, who say *a thing ought not be done*, quarrel with Douglas for attempting to prove *it can not be done*. It seems to us they ought to give him a vote of thanks for fixing their policy on the basis of immutable principle. It would be worse than the quarrel of the wolf with the lamb, to pick a quarrel with him about this."

The *Dispatch* also notices in the following sharp manner, the organ of the Philadelphia Custom House:

"The *Pennsylvanian* says that Douglas 'desires to rally a promiscuous crowd of pretended Democrats, Black Republicans, and Know Nothings.'

"Let us see who will be in that *promiscuous crowd*, if they stand to their avowed principles. The Democratic Convention at Cincinnati said:

"'*Resolved*, That the American Democracy recognize and adopt the principles contained in the organic laws establishing the Territories of Kansas and Nebraska—non-interference by Congress with slavery in State and Territory, or in the District of Columbia.'—*Cincinnati Platform*.

"Mr. Buchanan said, in his letter of acceptance, 'the people of a Territory, like those of a State, shall decide for themselves whether slavery shall or shall not exist within their limits.'

"Mr. Calhoun said, 27th of June, 1848, 'the slave-holding States desire no action of the government; demand no law to give them any advantage in the Territory.'

"Mr. Clay even went further, and said during the debate on the bill organizing the Territories of Utah and New Mexico, in reply to Mr. Davis, 'If the object of the Senator is to provide (by act of Congress) that slaves may be introduced into the Territory contrary to the *lex loci*, and being introduced nothing shall be done by the Legislature to impair the rights of the owners to hold the slaves thus brought contrary to the local laws, I certainly can not vote for it.' And Messrs. Cass, Toucey, Cobb, Breckenridge, Orr, Stephens, Benjamin, Mason, Bayard, Badger, Hunter, Toombs, Bigler, and almost every other Distinguished Democrat has said substantially the same thing.

"If the Democratic party be the same party that met at Cincinnati, and has not changed its principles, it will be in the 'promiscuous crowd.' Mr. Buchanan and all the distinguished names I have mentioned, will be there, and the followers of Calhoun, if they follow their principles, will be there also.

"It seems to us, therefore, there would be a pretty respectable muster in that 'promiscuous crowd,' *good captains* to drill raw recruits; and as long as the men, who are faithful to the principles of their party, and follow the lead of the great statesmen we have named, will stand by Douglas, in intrenching those principles, behind the bulwarks of the Constitution, he need not fear the impeachment of any vindictive newspaper, any more than Washington feared the impeachment of Benedict Arnold."

Pennsylvania Railroad.

There seems to be a disposition on the part of the New York press, at all times, to disparage the Pennsylvania Central Road, and to throw imputations of incompetency upon its management. In the Philadelphia correspondence of one of the leading journals of that city, we notice a paragraph calculated to create an unjust impression. The gratuitous assertion is thrown out, that Mr. J. Edgar Thompson has ceased to manage the Pennsylvania Central, for the benefit of the State, and of Philadelphia, from which, mainly, the road has received the financial aid requisite to make it a perfect success.

The Chief cause alledged for dissatisfaction appears to be that discrimination is made in rates against local freights, and in favor of through freights. So far as the principle involved in this policy is concerned, it may be stated to be only identical with that which governs trade everywhere. Wholesale buyers always purchase more cheaply than retail buyers. Those who use the road the longest distance ought to be favored over those who use it for a shorter distance. For the managers of the Pennsylvania Central to prorate the local traffic on the schedule of prices charged for through freights, would be to adopt a policy at variance with that of all the railroads in the country.

But it must not be overlooked that the Pennsylvania Central is peculiarly circumstanced in regard to its through traffic. Not one of the Northern or Southern competing lines has to contend with unfavorable State legislation. The collection of the tonnage tax falls upon the interests of the people of the interior of the State. Every pound that is carried to the towns along the line of the road must bear this burden. The Central Road cannot compete with other lines to the West, if it puts upon through goods an extra charge equivalent to this tax, and hence the local traffic must bear the brunt of the charge, or the road cease to fulfil its destiny of opening the immense resources of the great West, for the benefit of the State, and particularly of Philadelphia.

We are well aware that public sentiment is not unanimous in regard to the propriety of the tonnage tax policy; but there can be little question that its present effects, as shown in the rates of local freights on the Pennsylvania Central, are not calculated to strengthen the feeling in favor of its continued collection. We are decidedly in favor of a thorough consideration of the whole question by the next Legislature, with a view to harmonize all the interests involved. We believe that, by a liberal course, the State could be made to derive as much income as she now does, if the tonnage tax were abolished, and the relief to all interested in freights (and they are the great majority of the people of the Commonwealth,) would, of itself, more than counterbalance the seeming loss which the State might suffer for a time. The change in rates on all goods transported would give an immense impetus to local traffic, and would build up a way business vastly larger than that which the Central Road now enjoys. In other words, it would develop the interior, and make it far more able and far more willing to meet the taxes imposed for the support of the State Government. It would contribute more than any other political measure to hasten the final extinguishment of our State debt, an event to which every true-hearted Pennsylvanian looks forward as the consummation most devoutly to be wished.

So far as the management of the Pennsylvania Central has been made to bear the blame of a policy forced upon it by circumstances beyond its control, we cannot, consistently with our position as an impartial journalist, decline to place the true facts of the case before our readers. We believe that there is no road which is better managed than the Pennsylvania Central under its present direction. It is certainly the safest and best ballasted road in the country, and makes all its connections with the regularity of clockwork. This perfection of system is mainly due to the executive ability of such men as J. Edgar Thomson, William B. Foster, Jr., and Thomas A. Scott, who are known as the foremost representative men of the railroad world. In their hands, the railroad enterprise so important to the citizens of Philadelphia, cannot fail to prosper.—*Pennsylvania State Journal.*

THE JUNIATA VINEYARD.—We spent a couple of days last week in the vineyard of our old-time friend, Mr. Adam Harshbarger, near McVeytown, Mifflin county, a notice of which has appeared in our advertising columns for a couple of weeks. Mr. H. has about fifteen acres planted in grapes, principally of the Reading Isabella variety, with a few Catawabas interspersed over the field, and are all doing finely. The crop this year is very large—amounting, perhaps, to over two tons of choice grapes. This is the first enterprise of the kind on the Juniata, and we are pleased to know that the energy of our friend is likely to be rewarded even beyond his expectation. We regret that want of room prevents us from giving it as extensive a notice as we had designed, and as it deserves. His success has attracted the attention of others, and there is talk of the opening of several Vineyards in the neighborhood. If any of our readers should happen to want a supply of a superior quality of grapes for family use, or to sell again, they can be accommodated with any quantity desired by sending their orders to Mr. Harshbarger. He has also about thirty thousand seedlings, which will be ready for transplanting in the spring, and which will be supplied to order.—*Johnstown Tribune.*

WIFE MURDER AT DETROIT.—The Detroit *Advertiser* of October 3d, says:—On Saturday, about noon, Thomas Higgins, who, with his wife and two children, reside in Windsor, opposite this city, went to his house from his work and ate his dinner. After his meal was over he became incensed at his wife, (according to the testimony of his little son,) who was intoxicated, and hit her upon the head several times with a stick of cordwood and a piece of a cane. He knocked her down upon the floor, kicked her in the region of the kidneys, and leaving her on the floor went to his work. His little boy gave the alarm, and officer Samuel Port proceeded to the house, where he found the woman seated in a chair, still alive, but she soon died. The officer went to the Great Western Railway freight depot, where Higgins was employed, and arrested him. A *post mortem* examination was held, by which it appeared that the scalp was badly cut in several places; that concussion of the brain resulted from the blows, and the kick said to have been given, caused the rupture of some of the blood-vessels. The little boy whose testimony was taken, is only six years of age. The only other witness is the daughter, aged eight years, who ran away at the time the Coroner's inquest was in session, but who was found afterwards.—Higgins had a great deal of trouble with his wife on account of her drinking propensities, and exclaimed, "I couldn't help it."

☞The St. Louis *Democrat*, of Friday last, gives the following account of the sentence of Thornton, for the cold-blooded murder of Mr. Charless, in that city, some months ago:—

"When the prisoner arose, and was asked if he had anything to say why he should not suffer the penalty of his crime, he simply answered, 'Nothing,' in a firm voice, and proceeded with the utmost calmness to refresh himself with a drink of ice water. His Honor then sentenced him to be hung on Friday, the 11th day of next November, in the performance of which duty he was deeply moved. The general officers of the court and many spectators, were also affected to tears, but the prisoner was imperturbable throughout.

SINGULAR DEATH.—Major H. Welty, a resident of Pleasant Unity, Westmoreland county, Pa., died the other day under the following strange circumstances: It appears that while threshing buckwheat with his son, he was struck with a flail on the forehead, but worked on, as the injury was not worth minding. On Saturday he complained of headache, but worked until noon. After dinner he grew chilly, his speech failed him, and as he was staggering towards the door, he was caught by his wife and laid upon a lounge.—He fell into a stupor immediately, in which state he continued until Sunday, when he expired.

THE HUNTINGDON GLOBE, A DEMOCRATIC FAMILY JOURNAL, DEVOTED TO LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS, &C.

THE GLOBE.

Huntingdon, Wednesday, Oct., 12, 1859.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

OUR EXHIBITION.—During the County Fair, our sanctum was thrown open to exhibitors, and after we closed on the last day, we appointed ourself a committee of one to report on the articles deposited with us. Not having the reports of the committees of the County Fair before us, we cannot say whether all of our contributors took first premiums there or not. We give first premiums to all, and will refer our readers to list of premiums of the Society, to be published in the *Globe* next week, to ascertain how near we agree with the committees.

The *first articles placed on Exhibition* in our sanctum, was a dozen of large potatoes by Mr. Daniel Piper. First premium of thanks.

2d. One loaf of fresh bread by Mrs. Daniel Piper, the best we have eaten for many a day, (wonder where she got the flour.) First premium of thanks.

3d. A half bushel of fine potatoes, several Iowa squashes, a large tumbler of home-made molasses, and several carrots, by Mrs. Jacob Weaver. First premium of thanks.

4th. Four large heads of cabbage by Mr. Frederick Schneider, Sr. First premium of thanks.

5th. Several large apples by Mr. James Hutchison. First premium of thanks.

6th. Several large potatoes by M. F. Campbell, Esq., of Union township. First premium of thanks.

7th. A large bushel of white and black mercer potatoes, large and small, just as they grew, an excellent kind, by Mr. J. S. Isett. First premium of thanks. The white mercers yielded at the rate of 146 bushels, and the black mercers 290 bushels per acre—having been planted in an orchard, not a fair test. Mr. Isett had also on exhibition several other excellent varieties at the County Fair.

8th. A variety of fine potatoes by Mr. H. S. Isenburg. First premium of thanks.

9th. A peck of very excellent potatoes by Colonel R. F. Haslett. First premium of thanks.

10th. Two dozen large bunches of delicious grapes by Mr. Robert Stitt. First premium of thanks.

11th. A bottle of very superior maderia wine, by Mrs. Dr. H. Orlady. First premium of thanks.

12th. A large and magnificent sponge cake by Mrs. Eclaris Thomas. First premium of thanks.

13th. Several new friends left with us their names for the *Globe*, and paid in advance.—First premium of thanks.

14th. Several very fine apples by Mrs. J. G. Wright. First premium of thanks.

15th. A fine specimen of pound apples by Mr. W. H. Flenner. First premium of thanks.

16th. Twenty-six tremendous potatoes, making a half bushel, by Mr. John Rhodes. First premium of thanks.

As our committee has not been discharged, any articles left at our sanctum during the fall will receive proper attention.

PROF. COYLE AND THE CONTINENTALS.—These gentlemen gave a Vocal and Instrumental Concert in the Court House, on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings of last week, to well selected audiences. We have heard in our time, some of the best musical celebrities, domestic and imported, and we say without hesitation, that these gentlemen, in purity of tone and skillful execution, is entitled to rank with any of them. In our humble judgment, they are far superior to many troupes that traverse this Union from one end to the other, and who are applauded wherever they go. We are sorry they did not meet with the reception we anticipated they would—their audiences being rather slim.—We know, however, that those in attendance enjoyed a musical treat of almost unsurpassed elegance, and that they will not forego a repetition of the pleasure on any subsequent effort they may put forth to amuse the public. They visited Hollidaysburg on Thursday, and gave a concert in the Town Hall, in the evening, to a well selected, intelligent and appreciative audience.

We have a word to say to our citizens, on our own hook. For our part, we are not at all pleased with the audiences these gentlemen attracted. Because they were young men of our borough, our citizens did not seem as though they cared about patronizing them. This should not be. Had they been entire strangers, and had not possessed a single particle of musical talent, the fact of their being strangers, and had glaring posters posted on every house and fence in town, would have attracted an audience entirely too large for our spacious Court Room, no doubt; but as we all know them, persons would say, "We have heard them before, and they can't sing a bit." Such is not the case. They are good musicians. From what we learn, the gentlemen themselves are not entirely dissatisfied with their audiences, but we are, for they deserved better. If you did not wish to hear their music, you should have attended anyhow, to have shown them that you appreciated their efforts, at least. We hope the next time these gentlemen get up concerts for the benefit and amusement of our citizens, they will patronize them more liberally. We hope, too, our citizens, will learn to patronize home enterprise more.

THE COUNTY FAIR.—The weather during the three days of the Exhibition, could not have been more pleasant, and the Exhibition was very creditable to the people of this county. The display of stock was not quite as large as it should and could have been, but fully equal to most of the county fairs in the State this Fall. The fruit, vegetable, floral, painting, shell and ornamental departments came fully up to our expectations, and we doubt whether any other county in the State could equal them. All other departments were creditable, and we feel very confident that they will be much improved at the next exhibition.

The crowd of people in attendance on Wednesday and Thursday, was very large—almost too large for comfort, but we believe all went home well pleased.

We have been informed by the treasurer, that over eight hundred dollars were received for tickets, sufficient to pay all expenses and leave a small sum in the treasury.

DIED.—At the residence of his father, Daniel Flenner, in Walker township, on the 3rd inst., JONATHAN FLENNER, aged 15 years, 21 days.

This young man, at the time of the colored camp meeting, was slightly afflicted with the scarlet-rash, and we are informed that while he was on the camp ground he was abused by some of the young men of our town, and run and stoned, and so much over-heated and frightened, that he immediately took his bed, and in a few days after was a corpse. The young men guilty of so shameful an act, should be very thankful if they are permitted to escape proper punishment.

☞ A correspondent of the Huntingdon Globe, over the signature of "Ridger," in a communication says, "The future has come." We suppose, then, after this we may reckon the future as a thing of the past.—*Brownsville Times.*

You had better be careful, Bobby, or "Gudgeon" will pitch into you like "a thousand of brick." Our correspondent is right, in the sense he uses "The future has come." Come now, don't get riled at your fellow-scribe, "Gudgeon," as *we* used to term him in your apprentice days. You should remember that it is "Gudgeon" that is talking.

☞ The Circus that performed here on Monday last, was largely attended by both town and country folks. The large pavillion was crowded in the afternoon and evening.—The performance was better than we have seen for several years. We never attended a Circus where so general satisfaction was given. The collection of animals is not very large, but of the first character. The two performing elephants are the best ever exhibited in this region of country. All in all, it is *the* Circus of the times.

☞ Robt. King has on hand a new and beautiful assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, which he is prepared to make up to order. Gentlemen wanting a neat suit, will do well to call on Mr. King. It will cost nothing to call and examine his goods. Step in.

☞ A series of religious services preparatory to the Communion on Sabbath, will be commenced on Friday evening, in the German Reformed Church of this place. The Pastor will be assisted by Rev. Mr. Dole, of Milton, Pa.

☞ Our merchants generally, done a rushing business last week. There's no use sending to the city for anything you want. See advertisements of merchants in the *Globe*, and give them a call.

☞ The Pictorial Edition of Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, just published by J. B. Lippincott & Co., Phila., is for sale at Lewis' Book Stationery store.

☞ A new stock of violins and bows, accordeons and fifes, just received at Lewis' Book Store.

DR. HAMPTON'S
COMPOUND DIURETIC PILLS,

are highly recommended by eminent Physicians, as a *safe, certain, speedy and permanent cure for Gravel, Strictures*, and all other diseases or derangement of the bladder and kidneys. *Price fifty cents per box.* Sent to any address free on receipt of price. *Address*

DR. J. T. HAMPTON & CO.,
No. 405 Spruce street, Philadelphia.

ALSO, Proprietors and Manufacturers of
Dr. Hampton's Anti-Rheumatic Mixture,
" " *Medicated Cough Syrup,*
The Great Desideratum or Hair Restorer.
August 24, 1859–2m.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,
PREPARED BY DR. C. M. JACKSON,
WILL EFFECTUALLY CURE
Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach.

Every family should have a bottle of these Bitters in the house.

ONE DOSE will instantly relieve a sick stomach.

ONE DOSE will cure the most distressing heartburn.

ONE DOSE will allay any agitation of the nerves.

ONE DOSE taken an hour before meals, will give a good appetite.

ONE DOSE will, in many cases, cure the most severe headache, when proceeding from a disordered stomach.

These Bitters can be obtained at any Druggist's or seller of Patent Medicines in the United States and Canadas. Price 75 cents per bottle. See that the signature of C. M. Jackson is on the wrapper of each bottle.

NOTICE.—*All persons interested are hereby notified that* James Bricker has filed his account as one of the Assignees of David H. Foster, in the office of the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county, and that said account will be presented to the said Court, for confirmation, on the second Monday and 14th day of November next, when and where all persons interested may attend, if to them it may seem proper.

D. CALDWELL,
Huntingdon, Oct. 12, 1859–4t. Prothonotary.

NOTICE.—All persons interested are hereby notified that David Blair, Esq., has filed his account as one of the Assignees of David H. Foster, in the office of the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county, and that said account will be presented to the said Court, for confirmation, on the second Monday of November next, when and where all persons interested may attend, if to them it may seem proper.

D. CALDWELL,
Huntingdon, Oct. 12, 1859–4t. Prothonotary.

MEDICAL IMPOSSIBILITIES.

For a long time a certain class of diseases have baffled the skill and practice of the most eminent members of the regular medical faculty. Foremost among these we might instance epilepsy or falling fits. Happily now by the skill and inventive genius of an eminent chemist of Baltimore, Md., this disease has been brought within the means of a cure. We allude to the preparation called the VEGETABLE EXTRACT EPILEPTIC PILLS, invented and prepared by Dr. SETH S. HANCE, of 108 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md. Since their discovery many persons who had given up all hope of ever being cured, have been restored to the full enjoyment of health. Prominent among these we might enumerate Mr. HARRISON LIGHTFOOT, of Huntsville, Alabama. Mr. L. has suffered as much from Epilepsy, as any other person in the world; never knowing what it was to pass a week without having an attack, and often falling in the streets of Huntsville. He is now fully restored and has not had an attack for more than a year. Dr. Hance's Pills have been the sure cause of this cure. These pills also cure all modifications of Fits, Spasms, Cramps, &c., and are very serviceable for persons of weak nerves. Dr. Hance, sends them to any part of the country on the receipt of a remittance. Price, one box, $3; two, $5; twelve, $24. Address Seth S. Hance, 108 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md.

MARRIED,

On the 5th inst., by Rev. S. H. Reid, Mr. HARRIS FOSTER to Miss ANNA MARY PIPER, both of Alexandria, Pa.

On the 7th inst., by the Same, Mr. JOHN J. GORDON to Miss CAROLINE GAHAGAN, both of Walker township.

By David Snare, Esq., on the 6th inst., at his office in the borough of Huntingdon, Mr. EPHRAIM BOWMAN to Miss LEVENIA QUARRY, both of Cass township.

On the 29th ult., by Rev. M. Spangler, Mr. SAMUEL RUDY to Miss ISABELLA CRISINGER, both of Jackson township.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

MONDAY, Oct. 10.—Holders of Flour are firm in their views, but there is little or no demand for export, and the retailers and bakers are about the only buyers, at from $5 to $5,25 for common to choice superfine, and $5,25 up to $6,75 ₱ bbl for extra and fancy lots, according to quality. Rye Flour and Corn Meal are wanted at our former rates, but there is little or none here, and quotations are nominal. Wheat—There is a moderate business doing at the advance, and about 3,500 bus sold, mostly at $1,25 for prime Southern red, including some small lots of white at $1,33@1,38, as in quality. Rye is scarce and wanted, and 300 bus Maryland sold at 88c; 600 bus New York also sold at 96c delivered. Corn is rather quiet to-day, and only about 3,500 bus yellow found buyers at 93@94c in store, and 94@94½c afloat. A small lot of new Lancaster county, the first of the season, very damp, brought 70c. Oats are about stationary, with further sales of 3,000 bushels Southern at 40@41c, mostly at the latter rate for prime Delaware.

CALL at D. P. GWIN'S if you want GOOD GOODS.

CALL at D. P. GWIN'S if you want Fashionable Goods.

YOU will find the Largest and Best assortment of Ladies' Dress Goods at D. P. GWIN'S.

BOOTS & SHOES, Hats & Caps, the largest assortment and cheapest to be found at D. P. GWIN'S.

LADIES Collars, very cheap and beautiful, at D. P. GWIN'S.

MOORESVILLE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE—MALE AND FEMALE—At West Barree, Huntingdon county, Pa.—The next Session of this Institution will commence Nov. 1st, 1859. The course of instruction is thorough, embracing all the essentials of a complete English and Classical Education. For further particulars, address

THOMAS WILSON, A. M.,
Oct. 12, 1859. Principal.

TREES!! TREES!!!—The Subscriber having more trees than he wishes to set out, will dispose of two or three hundred of the following kinds:—

DWARF PEARS.

Duchesse,	Lawrence,
Beurre Diel,	Bartlet,
Van Mons,	Moore's Pound,
Angora,	Chaptal,
Lwans Orange,	Louise Bon,
Vicar of Winkfield,	Stevens' Genesee,
Catillac,	Madeleine,
Verte Longue and others.	

CHERRIES—BOTH STANDARD AND DWARF.
Kirtland's varieties, such as

Kirtland's Mary,	Osceola,
Kirtland's Mammoth,	Powhatten,
Black Hawk,	Governor Wood,
Pontiac,	Cleveland Bigarreu and others.
Red Jacket,	
Joc-o-sot,	

These trees are of large growth, with fruit buds developed, will bear first year.

Prices of Pear and Cherry, 50 to 75 cents, according to size and appearance. Nearly all budded from own bearing trees, and may be depended on as true to name.

The fall of the year is the best time for planting, if done carefully—time, from the 15th of October to the 15th of November, or later if soft weather.

Orders left at Read's Drug Store will be attended to.
GEO. A. STEEL.
Huntingdon, October 12, 1859.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!! AT *D. P. GWIN'S STORE.*

D. P. GWIN has just received the largest and most fashionable and best selected Stock of Goods in the market, consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, Plain and Fancy, Satinets, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Beaverteens, Velvet Cords, &c.

The best assortment of Ladies' Dress Goods in town, consisting of Black and Fancy Silks, Plain and Figured French Merinos, English Merinos, Fancy and Plain, All Wool De Lains, Plaids, Mousline De Lains, Alpacas, Lavella Cloths, De Barge, Coburgs, Ginghams, Prints, &c.

Also, Tickings, Checks, Muslins, Cotton and All Wool Flannels, Sack Flannels, Cloaking Cloths, Linseys, Brown and Blue Drills, Blankets, &c.

Also, a large assortment of Ladies' Collars, Dress Trimmings, Ribbonds, Gloves, Gauntlets, Cotton and Wool Hosiery, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Veils, Barred and Plain Jaconet and Swiss Muslins, Ladies' Vests, &c.

Also, Woolen Shawls, Waterloo and Bay State, Single and Double Brocha.

Also, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Hardware, Queensware, Wood and Willow Ware, Groceries, Salt, &c.

Also, a large lot of Carpets and Oil Cloths, which will be sold cheap.

Call and examine my Goods, and you will be convinced that I have the best assortment and cheapest Goods in the market.

☞ Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods, at the Highest Market Prices. D. P. GWIN.
Huntingdon, Oct. 12, 1859.

THE GENESEE FARMER.
[ESTABLISHED IN 1831.]
EXTRAORDINARY OFFER!

The Genesee Farmer is now admitted to be the cheapest agricultural paper published in America. It is believed to have a larger circulation than any similar journal in the world. But there are thousands of farmers who do not take this or any similar paper. To reach this large class, although the *Farmer* is now cheaper than the cheapest, we have determined to make it cheaper still.

TO ALL WHO SUBSCRIBE NOW.

Or before the first of December, we will send the *Genesee Farmer* for 1860, and the remaining two months of this (November and December,) for fifty cents. In other words, we will send the remaining numbers of this year as

A PRESENT TO ALL NEW SUBSCRIBERS.

Send the fifty cents in three-cent postage stamps, at our risk; or get one of your neighbors to join with you, and send a dollar bill.

Published for twenty-nine years, in the very heart of the "Genesee Country," with hundreds of the best farmers and fruit-growers, in every State, as correspondents, the *Genesee Farmer* contains information of great value. It is the

"FARMER'S OWN PAPER."

And no effort is spared to make it worthy of their support.

Wheat-Culture receives special attention. Every subject connected with the farmer's vocation is discussed.—The Management and Breeding of Stock; Cultivation of Grain and Grass; Farm-Houses, Buildings, Fences; Underdraining, Plowing, Sowing, Harvesting, Threshing, Marketing; Dairy Management; and every operation on the Farm or Garden, receive attention.

FULL AND RELIABLE REPORTS OF THE MARKETS In New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Rochester, Buffalo, Toronto, Chicago, Cincinnati, Liverpool, and London, are given each month, prepared expressly for the *Farmer* by a gentleman of great experience, intelligence and sagacity.

DOMESTIC RECEIPTS.

The Ladies, too, write for the *Genesee Farmer*, and furnish hundreds of well-tried and valuable Receipts.

We design to make the Volume for 1860 decidedly the best of the series.

TWO HUNDRED AND THIRTY-FIVE DOLLARS In Cash Premiums will be paid for the greatest number of subscribers sent in by the fifteenth of January.

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN.

Specimen copies and Show-bills sent gratis to all who desire to act as agents.

TWENTY-ONE CASH PRIZES,

Besides liberal Specific Premiums, and, in Clubs of eight, a Twenty-five-cent Premium to every subscriber.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE.

Bear in mind, all who subscribe now will get the last two months of this year for nothing. Only Fifty Cents a year.——Address

JOSEPH HARRIS,
PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR,
Oct. 12, 1859. *Rochester, N. Y.*

CLOAKING Cloths, Tassals, Cords and Binding, cheap at D. P. GWIN'S.

IF you want Carpets and Oil Cloths, call at D. P. GWIN'S, where you will find the largest assortment in town.

SHEET ZINC AND OIL CLOTH, for putting under stoves, &c., for sale by JAS. A. BROWN.

GUN BARRELS AND LOCKS.—A large assortment at BROWN'S HARDWARE STORE.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the Estate of WILLIAM HEARN, late of Walker township, Huntingdon county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, they hereby notify all persons indebted to said Estate, to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

ELIZABETH HEARN,
GEORGE HEARN,
Oct. 4, 1859. Administrators.

ROBT. KING,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Hill Street, one door west of Carmon's Store,

Has just returned from the City with a splendid assortment of

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES, and
PLAIN and FANCY VESTINGS,

which he will make up to order in the best workman-like manner.

Thankful for past favors, a continuance of the same is respectfully solicited. ROBT. KING.
Huntingdon, Oct. 4, 1859–3m.

BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
CALF-SKINS AND LININGS,
LASTS AND FINDINGS.

LEVI WESTBROOK,

Has just opened his new stock of BOOTS and SHOES for men, women, boys, misses and children. All kinds of styles for Ladies can be found at his store, and the men will not find fault with his stock for their wear.

His old customers and the public generally, will please call and examine his extensive stock.

His stock of Calf-skins, Linings, Lasts and Findings, will please all in the trade. LEVI WESTBROOK.
Huntingdon, Oct. 4, 1859.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.—The undersigned, Assignee of Jonathan Leslie, will offer at public sale, at the Court House, in the borough of Huntingdon,

On Wednesday, the 16th of November next,

at 10 o'clock, A. M., A FARM, situate in Wayne township, Mifflin county, containing ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY-FIVE ACRES, more or less, adjoining the Juniata River and lands of Elijah McVey, David Jenkins, Samuel Wharton, and others, having a large frame house (unfinished) and a frame back building erected thereon, together with a frame bank barn about 40 by 66 feet, with a wagon-shed and corn-crib attached thereto. Also, a stone spring house. There are two never failing springs of good water upon the premises, one of them near the house and barn. Also, an apple orchard containing from 50 to 75 trees.

This farm is good limestone land, about fifty acres woodland, some of which is choice land for cultivation. It lies on the south side of the Juniata river, about one mile from the Newton Hamilton Station of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and the Newton Hamilton Dam of the Pennsylvania Canal, is in part upon the premises. A portion of the land lies upon Sugar Ridge, in the vicinity of large deposits of iron ore, and is considered a good site for *manufacturing establishments.*

This farm will be sold as the property of Jonathan Leslie, for the benefit of his creditors.

TERMS:—One-half of the purchase money to be paid on the first day of April next, when possession will be delivered, and the other half in one year, with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage.

THEO. H. CREMER, *Assignee, &c.*
Huntingdon, Oct. 4, 1859–4t.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa. to me directed, I will expose to public sale, on the premises, in Mt. Union on SATURDAY the 29th day of October, the following real estate, to wit:

1. A lot of Ground in said town, fronting on Water street, and running back on Division street 120 feet, more or less, to an alley, and has thereon erected a two story brick store and dwelling house, fronting 60 feet on Water street and 40 feet on Division street, and is now in the occupancy of Benjamin R. Foust & Co., and has other buildings thereon, and adjoins a lot of Eby & Morrison on the West.

2. Also, a lot of Ground in said town, fronting on Water street about 50 feet, more or less, and runs back to an alley 120 feet, more or less, and adjoins lots of Eby & Morrison on the east, and James J. Robenson on the west, and has thereon erected one and a half story frame dwelling house 28 by 18 feet, with kitchen and other outbuildings attached.

3. Also, two vacant Lots of Ground in said town, fronting on Railroad Avenue 50 feet each, and running back to an alley 110 feet, adjoining lots of John Thompson on the east, Samuel Shaver on the west, fenced, with a frame stable thereon erected.

4. Also, Lot of Ground in said town, fronting 60 feet, more or less, on Water street, and extending back 100 feet, more or less, to an alley on Division street, adjoining lot of John Bare on the east, having a two story frame house, fronting 34 feet on Water street and 30 feet on Division street, and other outbildings thereon erected.

5. Also, a Lot of Ground in plan of said town, fronting 60 feet on Water street, and extending back to the Pennsylvania Canal, adjoining John Bare on the east, and Eby & Morrison on the west, having a frame sumac mill thereon erected.

6. Also, a Lot of Ground in plan of said town, fronting 50 feet, more or less, on Water street, adjoins lot of Samuel Eby on the east, and lot of Eby & Morrison on the west, having thereon erected a large warehouse which extends to the Pennsylvania Canal, with a lot of vacant ground used as a wharf adjoining the same.

7. Also, a Lot of Ground in plan of said town, fronting 50 feet, more or less, on Water street, and extending back 100 feet, more or less, to the Pennsylvania Canal, adjoining lot of Eby & Morrison on the west, having thereon erected two one and a half story houses, one of which is stone and the other frame, now in the occupancy of —— Harincane and John Baker.

8. Also, two vacant Lots of Ground in plan of said town, fronting 50 feet each on Water street, and extending back 100 feet, more or less, to the Pennsylvania Canal, adjoining lots of Eby & Morrison on the east, and Abraham Lewis on the west. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Samuel Eby.

GRAFFUS MILLER, Sheriff.
Huntingdon, October 4, 1859.

FISHER & M'MURTRIE
ARE NOW OPENING

The largest and best selected Stock of Goods ever offered in this community.

It comprises a full line of Fashionable Dress Goods, suitable for FALL & WINTER, such as Black and Fancy Silks, French and English Merinos, All Wool De Laines, (plain and colored,) Nauvau Plaid, Tanjore Lustre, Figured Cashmere, Plaids, Mousline De Laines, Coburgs, Alpaccas, De Barge, Ginghams, Prints, &c.

A large and beautiful assortment of Fall and Winter Shawls, consisting of Stellas, Double Reversables, Single and Double Brocha, Waterloo, Singloand Double Wool Gents Traveling Shawls, &c. A full stock of Ladies' Fine Collars, Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, such as Collars, Cravats, Ties, Stocks, Hosiery, Shirts, Gauze and Silk Undershirts, Drawers, &c.

We have a fine selection of Mantillas, Dress Trimmings, Fringes, Ribbons, Mitts, Gloves, Gauntlets, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Buttons, Floss, Sewing Silk, Extension Skirts, Hoops of all kinds, &c.

Also—Tickings, Osnaburg, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, all prices; Colored and White Cambrics, Barred and Swiss Muslins, Victoria Lawns, Nainsooks, Tarleton, and many other articles which comprise the line of WHITE and DOMESTIC GOODS.

French Cloths, Fancy Cassimers, Satinets, Jeans, Tweeds, Denims, Blue Drills, Flannels, Lindseys, Comforts, Blankets, &c.

Hats and Caps, of every variety and style.

A Good Stock of GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, BOOTS and SHOES, WOOD and WILLOW-WARE, which will be sold Cheap.

We also deal in PLASTER, FISH, SALT, and all kinds of GRAINS, and possess facilities in this branch of trade unequalled by any. We deliver all packages or parcels of Merchandise, *free of charge*, at the Depots of the Broad Top and Pennsylvania Railroads.

COME ONE, COME ALL, and be convinced that the *Metropolitan* is the place to secure fashionable and desirable goods, disposed of at the lowest rates.

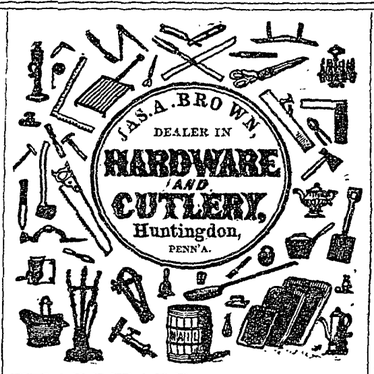
FISHER & M'MURTRIE.
Huntingdon, Oct. 4, 1859.

MEAT CUTTERS and STUFFERS. The best in the country, and cheaper than ever, at BROWN'S HARDWARE STORE.

BUFFALO ROBES, BY THE BALE OR ROBE, AT GEORGE F. WOMRATH'S, Nos. 413 and 415 Arch streets, PHILAD'A. Also, a large assortment of LADIES' FANCY FURS, of own manufacture.

N. B.—The highest price paid for all kinds of *SHIPPING FURS.* [Sept. 28, '59–3m.]

WRAPPING PAPER! A good article for sale at LEWIS' BOOK STORE.



HARDWARE
FOR THE MILLION!!!
A LARGER STOCK THAN EVER BEFORE,
AT CITY PRICES, BY
JAMES A. BROWN.

This arrival of Goods exceeds all others in importance, 1st. Because it supplies "*The People*" with *indispensable* articles, and many useful inventions which can be found ONLY in a HARDWARE STORE.

2nd. The Subscriber, purchasing in large quantities from manufacturers, is enabled to Sell these Goods from

20 TO 100 PER CENT. CHEAPER

Than they are usually sold by other merchants. His stock includes a complete variety of

BUILDING-HARDWARE, MECHANICS' TOOLS,
CUTLERY, HOLLOW-WARE,
OILS, PAINTS, SADDLERY,
VARNISHES, GLASS, CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS,
STEEL, IRON, CHAIN PUMPS, LEAD PIPE,
MOROCCO and LINING SKINS, &c.,

Together with a full assortment of everything pertaining to his line of business.

☞ All orders receive prompt attention. ☜
JAS. A. BROWN.
Huntingdon, Oct. 4, 1859.

NEWS! NEWS!! NEWS!!!
NEW GOODS,
NEW GOODS,
NEW GOODS,
AT BEN JACOBS'
AT BEN JACOBS'
CHEAP CORNER,
CHEAP CORNER.

BENJ. JACOBS has now upon his shelves a large and full assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

comprising a very extensive assortment of LADIES' DRESS GOODS, DRY GOODS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, GROCERIES, HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, &c., &c., &c.

His stock of CLOTHING for men and boys is complete—every article of wear will be found to be good and cheap. Full suits sold at greatly reduced prices—panic prices—which will be very low.

His entire stock of Goods will compare with any other in town, and the public will do well to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

As I am determined to sell my goods, bargains may be expected, so all will do well to call.

Country Produce taken in Exchange for Goods.
BENJ. JACOBS, *Cheap Corner.*
Huntingdon, Oct. 4, 1859.

$10,000 REWARD!!
MOSES STROUS,

Will risk the above sum that he can Sell Goods, to everybody, at prices to suit the times. His stock has been renewed for FALL and WINTER, and he invites all to call and examine for themselves.

His stock consists of every variety of LADIES' DRESS GOODS, DRY GOODS, OF ALL KINDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, Such as Over Coats, Frock Coats, Dress Coats, Jackets, Vests, Pants, &c.

BOOTS and SHOES, HATS and CAPS, of all sizes, for old and young.

GROCERIES, of the best; *QUEENSWARE, &c., &c.*

The public generally are earnestly invited to call and examine my new stock of Goods, and be convinced that I can accommodate with Goods and Prices, all who are looking out for great bargains.

All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods. MOSES STROUS.
Huntingdon, Oct. 4, 1859.

H. ROMAN!
H. ROMAN!
H. ROMAN!
H. ROMAN!
H. ROMAN!
NEW CLOTHING
JUST RECEIVED,
NEW CLOTHING
JUST RECEIVED,
NEW CLOTHING
JUST RECEIVED,
Call
at
Roman's
Clothing
Store
for
your
Clothing.
Huntingdon, Oct. 4, 1859

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!—FAREIRA & THOMSON, Importers, Manufacturers and Dealers in LADIES' and CHILDREN'S FANCY FURS, of every description. Also, BUFFALO ROBES, FURRED GLOVES and COLLARS, No. 818 MARKET STREET, (*above Eighth, south side,*) PHILADELPHIA.
Wholesale and Retail.

N. B.—Storekeepers will do well to give us a call, as they will find the largest assortment by far to select from in the City, and at Manufacturers' Prices.
Sept. 28, 1859–4m.

FOR SALE.—A Farm, situate in Tell township, Huntingdon Co., Pa., six miles from Concord, containing about EIGHTY ACRES, about 60 acres of which are cleared, the balance is well timbered. About 30 acres of best meadow land. The improvements consist of a comfortable Log Dwelling and Log Barn. This property is immediately on the line of the great Pacific Railroad, is in a good state of cultivation, and will be sold low. For further particulars, inquire of the subscriber on the premises, or address him at Concord, Franklin county, Pa.

GEORGE MYERS.
Sept. 28, 1859.

TEACHERS EXAMINATIONS.—The undersigned will meet the Teachers and School Directors in their respective Districts, as indicated in the following table:

Penn,	Sept. 30,	Marklesburg.
Union,	Oct. 7,	Mapleton.
Cromwell,	" 12,	Orbisonia.
Springfield,	" 13,	Meadow Gap.
Clay,	" 14,	Scottsville.
Dublin,	" 15,	Shade Gap.
Tell,	" 17,	Bolingortown.
Hopewell,	" 19,	Coffee Run.
Tod,	" 20,	Newburg.

The hour for meeting at each of the above places, will be 9 o'clock, A. M. Teachers are requested to be punctual.

ALBERT OWEN,
Sept. 28, 1859. County Superintendent.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.—The undersigned will offer at Public Sale,

On Friday, 21st of October, 1859,

A VALUABLE FARM OF LIME-STONE LAND, situate in Warriorsmark township, Huntingdon county, Pa., the estate of John Henderson, deceased, containing about *TWO HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-NINE ACRES,* (279) more or less—two hundred acres cleared, thirteen of which are in meadow. The improvements are *A TWO-STORY STONE DWELLING HOUSE,* with kitchen in the basement, a bank barn, a never-failing spring of lime-stone water convenient to the house, an apple orchard, and other improvements.

Said farm is in a good state of repair and cultivation, and is about one mile from the Pennsylvania Railroad.

Persons wishing further information, or to examine the said property, can call on or address the undersigned at Birmingham, near to said property.

JOHN OWENS,
ROBERT HENDERSON,
Executors of Will of John Henderson, deceased.

☞ *Standard,* Hollidaysburg, and *Watchman,* Bellefonte, publish to amount of $1 50 and charge this office.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.—A good assortment of miscellaneous and School Books—Foolscap, Letter, Commercial and Note Paper—Plain and Fancy Envelopes—Red, Blue and Black Inks—Blank Books of numerous sizes—Pens, Pencils, Pocket and Desk Inkstands, and every other article usually found in a Book and Stationery Store, can be had at fair prices at LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

MONTHLY TIME BOOKS, For sale at *LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.*

THE
CASSVILLE SEMINARY
AND
NORMAL SCHOOL
FOR YOUNG LADIES & GENTLEMEN!
CHEAPEST SCHOOL IN THE LAND!
Send for a Catalogue!!
Address, M. McN. WALSH, A. M.,
Cassville, Huntingdon Co., Pa.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Auditor, appointed to distribute the proceeds of the sale of the Real Estate of A. W. Crum, in the hands of Graffus Miller, Sheriff, will attend to his duties at his office in Huntingdon, on Friday, October 21, 1859, at 10 o'clock, A. M. All persons having claims upon this fund, are required to present them before the Auditor, or be debarred from coming in upon said fund.

A. W. BENEDICT,
Sept. 21, 1859–4t. Auditor.

1859. 1859.
FALL & WINTER CLOTHING.—The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of our friends and customers, as well as the citizens of the town and country generally, to our new and extensive assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

consisting of every article of gentlemens' furnishing goods. We deem it unnecessary to make a newspaper flourish, being confident that a call and an examination of our goods, will satisfy all, that our goods are just what we recommend them to be, well made, of good material, and as cheap as the same quality of goods can be bought in the county of Huntingdon. It is not our desire, as it is not the policy of honest men, to deceive, but this much we will say, that we will guarantee to all who may favor us with their patronage, entire satisfaction as to quality, fit and price. Should gentlemen desire any particular kind or cut of clothing, not found in our stock, by leaving their measure, they can be accommodated at short notice. Call at the corner of the diamond, Long's new house.

M. GUTMAN & CO.
Sept. 21, 1859.

WANTED.—A CLERK who has a cash capital of $3,000.—To take an interest in the concern. For particulars, address or call at MARSH'S MUSIC STORE, No. 1102 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

☞ Good references required. [Sept. 21, 1m.]

DRAWING AND PAINTING.—Perspective, Marine Water Color, Crayon and Monochromatic Drawing, Oriental or Grecian and Pearl Painting, Lithographing or Steel Engraving on Glass, Ornamental Leather or Shell Work, and all description of Fancy Needle and Ornamental Work, taught by

MISS NANCY McDIVITT, Huntingdon.

Young ladies and others wishing to receive instruction in either of the above branches, are invited to call and examine specimens at her residence, on Church street, two doors east of the Methodist Church. Terms moderate.—Full satisfaction rendered or no charge.
Sept. 14, 1859–tf.

LAW BLANK STORE, *No. 230 Dock street, Philadelphia.*
ESTABLISHED IN 1831.

The subscribers respectfully call the attention of the numerous

SHERIFFS, PROTHONOTARIES, LAWYERS, MAGISTRATES AND OTHERS,

to their large stock of Law Blanks, forms, which an experience of nearly 30 years enables them to present with great accuracy of form and neatness of style. Orders solicited. A printed list of our Blanks will be forwarded, on application, free of charge.

JOHN CLARK & SON,
230 Dock street, Philadelphia.
Sept. 14, 1859–1m.

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.—Passenger Trains arrive and depart as follows:

MORNING TRAIN

For HOPEWELL & intermediate Stations, leaves at 7:40 A. M.
Returning, arrives at HUNTINGDON at 12:33 P. M.

EVENING TRAIN

For SAXTON and intermediate Stations, leaves at 5:00 P. M.
Returning, arrives at HUNTINGDON at 8:36 P. M.

JNO. J. LAWRENCE,
Huntingdon, Sept. 14, 1859. *Superintendent.*

BELL, GARRETTSON & CO.,
BANKERS,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

A general Banking business done. Drafts on Philadelphia, Pittsburg, &c., constantly for sale. Money received on deposit, payable on demand without interest, or on time with interest at fair rates.
August 17, 1859.*

MUSIC THE CYTHARA—The Presbyterian Psalmodist—The Shawn—Grobe's

THE HUNTINGDON GLOBE, A DEMOCRATIC FAMILY JOURNAL, DEVOTED TO LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS, &C.

Interesting Miscellany.

Didn't Think.

Walking in the country one morning, in early spring-time, we seated ourself to rest on a large stone near an orchard-gate. Very soon we observed a large man hanging to the top-most limbs of a small apple tree with one hand, while with the other he was cutting off twigs and branches. We bade him good morning. He answered cheerfully; and we ventured to hint that the tree he had climbed bore a heavy burden. "Yes," he said, "the trees all need pruning, but I can only attend to a few of them. The others wouldn't bear my weight."

"Why don't you fasten your saw to a pole, stand on the ground, and prune such limbs as most require it?" we asked.

"Well, I declare," he answered, "that would do—I didn't think of it."

There was a valuable lesson in that confession—"I didn't think of it." It explained why, in many respects, the farmer was not prosperous. He was a hard worker. He endeavored to be economical; but he was always behind. His orchard didn't yield abundantly—his cattle had disease—his grain was often poor—and he could only sell at a low price, *because he didn't think*. He had never learned fore-thought—he did not know what it was to consider—he did not understand how judicious head-work assists hand-work.

Didn't think—that is the sorry explanation of much error—of many a crime—of many a failure—of many a hardship, and many an abuse.

Little boys and girls, bear in mind that whatever advantages you may have at home, in school, in business, or in society, unless you think, your lives will be sad and your efforts unsuccessful. Learn, then, while you are young, the art of thinking. To be great and good, you must understand the art of reflection, as well as appreciate the pleasure of memory.

The Secret of Happiness.

The most common error of men and women is that of looking for happiness somewhere outside of useful work. It has never yet been found when thus sought, and never will be while the world stands, and the sooner this truth is learned the better for every one. If you doubt the proposition, glance around among your friends and acquaintances, and select those who appear to have the most enjoyment in life. Are they the idlers and pleasure-seekers, or the earnest workers?—We know what your answer will be. Of all the miserable human beings it has been our fortune, or misfortune, to know, they were the most wretched who had retired from useful employments in order to enjoy themselves. Why, the slave, at his enforced labor, or the hungry toiler for bread, were supremely happy in comparison. Earnestly would we impress upon young minds the truth we have stated. It lies at the foundation of all well-doing and well-being. It gives tranquility and pleasure to the youth, just stepping across the threshold of rational life, as well as to the man whose years are beginning to rest upon his stoop shoulders. Be ever engaged in useful work, if you would be happy.—This is the great secret.—*Arthur's Magazine.*

A Tough Story.—There is a place in Maine so rocky that when the down easters plant corn, they look for crevices in the rocks and shoot the grains in with a musket; they can't raise ducks there no how, for the stones are so thick that the ducks can't get their bills between them to pick up the grasshoppers, and the only way the sheep can get at sprigs of grass is by grinding their noses on a grind stone.

But that ain't a circumstance to a place on the eastern shore;—there the land is so poor that it takes two killdeas to say "killdea;" and on a clear day you can see the grasshoppers climb up a mullen stalk, and look with tears in their eyes over a fifty acre field; and the humble bees have to go down on their knees to get at the grass; all the mosquitoes died of starvation, and the turkey buzzards had to emigrate.

But there is a county in Virginia which can beat that—there the land is so sterile that when the wind is at the north-west, they have to tie the children to keep them from being blown away; there it takes six frogs to see a man, and when the dogs bark they have to lean against the fence; the horses are so thin that it takes twelve of them to make a shadow, and when they kill a beef they have to hold him up to knock him down.

☞ Mrs. Partington says: "I haven't any desire to live longer than the breath remains in my body, if it isn't more than eighty years. I wouldn't wish to be a centurion; and the idea of surviving one's factories always gives me a disagreeable censoriousness. But whatever is to be, will be, and there is no knowing a thing will take place till it expires."

☞ Precipitation ruins the best laid designs; whereas patience ripens the most difficult, and renders the execution of them easy.

☞ Every man must in a measure be alone in the world. No heart was ever yet cast in the same mould as that which we bear within us.

☞ The sweet light of friendship is like the light of philosophers, seen plainly when all around is dark.

GROCERY STORE.—The undersigned having opened out opposite the Huntingdon & Broad Top Railroad depot, in Huntingdon, is determined to sell all articles usually kept in Grocery Stores, CHEAP FOR CASH, OR APPROVED COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Call and examine for yourselves, before purchasing elsewhere.

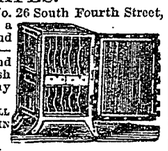
FRANCIS B. WALLACE.

Huntingdon, Aug. 10, 1859.

SALAMANDER SAFES.

EVANS & WATSON, No. 26 South Fourth Street, Philadelphia, have on hand a large assortment of Fire and Thief Proof Salamander Safes.—Also, Iron Doors for Banks and Stores, Iron Shutters, Iron Sash all makes of Locks, equal to any made in the United States.

FIVE SAFES IN ONE FIRE. ALL COME OUT RIGHT, WITH CONTENTS IN GOOD CONDITION.



THE SALAMANDER SAFES OF PHILADELPHIA AGAINST THE WORLD.

EVANS & WATSON

Have had the surest demonstration in the following certificate that their manufacture of Salamander Safes has at length fully warranted the representations which have been made of them as rendering an undoubted security against the terrific element:

Philadelphia, April 12th, 1856.

Messrs. EVANS & WATSON—Gentlemen—It affords us the highest satisfaction to state to you, that owing to the very protective qualities of two of the Salamander Safes which we purchased of you some few months since, we saved a large portion of our jewelry, and all our books, papers, &c., exposed to the calamitous fire in Ranstead Place, on the morning of the 11th instant.

When we reflect that these Safes were located in the fourth story of the building we occupied, and that they fell subsequently into a heap of burning ruins, where the vast concentration of heat caused the brass plates to melt, we cannot but regard the preservation of their valuable contents as most convincing proof of the great security afforded by your Safes.

We shall take much pleasure in recommending them to men of business as a sure reliance against fire.

GEORGE W. SIMONS & BRO., *Jewelers.*

Who have purchased six large Safes since.

August 3, 1859–1y.

WINDOW SHADES, CORDS,

TASSELS, &C.,

and BAILEY'S FIXTURES,

A handsome assortment just received and for sale at LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

MARSHALL'S PATENT SHOE-MAKER'S ASSISTANT LAST HOLDER.

This machine is designed to hold *a Boot or Shoe* of every size, and also in every desired position, for Pegging, Sewing, Paring Off, Buffing, Setting up Edges, &c., thus rendering it unnecessary for the Operator to hold his work either in his hands, upon his knees, or against his breast. He can stand or sit at pleasure. It has also a Lap-Iron attached. The whole apparatus is strong, durable, light, compact and portable.

By the use of this machine, the business in question is greatly facilitated, and also rendered one of the most healthful and pleasant occupations among the mechanical arts.

The above Invention needs only to be seen to be appreciated.

STATE AND COUNTY RIGHTS FOR SALE BY

T. W. MAYHEW,
Lancaster City, Pa.

☞ SEND FOR A CIRCULAR. ☜

June 8, 1859–6m.

READ! READ!! READ!!!

ESENWEIN'S AROMATIC BALSAM, Is a *remedy* not to be excelled for the *relief* and *cure* of those maladies incident to the *Summer Season*, viz: DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA OR CHOLERA MORBUS, VOMITING, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, etc.

Its excellent Carminative powers, pleasant taste and soothing influence, renders it a valuable remedy in *Infantile* diseases, peculiar to the Second Summer, viz:—*Cholera Infantum, etc.* It has a reinvigorating and tonic influence on the system, allaying inflamation where it exists in the stomach and bowels—and on trial will be found indispensable to the well being of every family. It will be found as well adapted to Adults as Children.—*Try it.*

Prepared only by

A. ESENWEIN, *Dispensing Chemist,*
N. W. Cor. NINTH & POPLAR Sts., PHILADELPHIA.

☞ PRICE 25 cts. per BOTTLE.

☞ Sold by J. Read, Huntingdon, and by Druggists and Storekeepers generally.

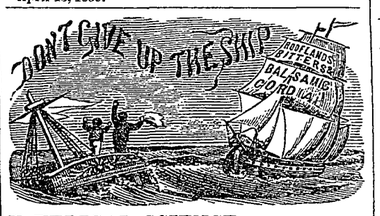
May 25, 1859–1y.

H. K. NEFF, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

OFFICE, Hill street, opposite Dr. Luden, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity.

April 13, 1859.



MEDICAL SCIENCE.

The history of "HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS," the most remarkable medicine of the day, and the many cures that have been performed with it in cases of LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, and diseases arising from a disordered liver or stomach, place it among the most astonishing discoveries that have taken place in the medical world. The diseases to which these Bitters are applicable are so universal, that there are but few of our friends who may not test their virtues in their own families or circle of acquaintances, and prove to their own satisfaction that there is at least one remedy among the many advertised medicines, deserving the public commendation. It is a fact that, in the minds of many persons, a prejudice exists against what are called Patent Medicines; but why should this prevent you resorting to an article that has such an array of testimony to support it as Hoofland's German Bitters? Physicians prescribe it, Why should *you* discard it? Judges, usually considered men of talent, have and do use it in their own families. Why should *you* reject it? Clergymen, and those the most eminent, take it; why should not *you?* Let not your prejudice usurp your reason, to the everlasting injury of your health; if you are sick, and require a medicine, try these Bitters.

These Bitters are prepared and sold by Dr. C. M. Jackson, No. 418 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., and by druggists and storekeepers in every town and village in the United States, Canadas, West Indies, and South America, at 75 cents per bottle. See that the signature of C. M. Jackson is on the wrapper of each bottle.

May 11, 1859–1y.

J. BRICKER'S
BRICKER'S
J. BRICKER'S

MAMMOTH STORE
MAMMOTH STORE
MAMMOTH STORE

IS THE PLACE — FOR DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, &c.
IS THE PLACE — FOR DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, &c.
IS THE PLACE — FOR DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, &c.

JACKSON HOTEL,
RAILROAD STREET,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

JOHN S. MILLER, Proprietor.

Travelers, and citizens of the county, are informed that no pains will be spared to make them feel comfortable and at home at this House. [April 6, '59.

MANSION HOUSE,
HILL STREET,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

CHRISTIAN COUTS, Proprietor.

My old patrons and the traveling public in general, may expect warm receptions and good accommodations.

April 6, 1859.

FRANKLIN HOUSE,
HILL STREET,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

W. & H. WILLIAMS, Proprietors.

The best accommodations for man and beast. Give us a trial and be convinced. [April 13, '59.

R. ALLISON MILLER,

DENTIST,

Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House.

April 13, 1859.

BLANK BOOKS

Of any size or pattern not upon our shelves, will be furnished to order at City prices. Call at
LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

WOSTENHOLMS' Celebrated IXL Knives and Razors, for sale by
JAS. A. BROWN.

ENVELOPES—

By the box, pack, or less quantity, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

WATCHES, JEWELRY AND SILVER WARE.

We would respectfully inform our friends, patrons and the public generally, that we have just opened our *New Watch, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware Establishment*, at No. 622 MARKET street, where we offer *Wholesale and Retail*, at the lowest *Cash Prices*, a large and very choice stock of every description of goods usually kept in a first class Watch and Jewelry Store.

We hope by untiring efforts to accommodate and please not only to retain all our former patrons, but merit and secure a large accession to the same.

Every description of *Diamond Work* and other *Jewelry*, made to order at short notice.

☞ *All goods warranted to be as represented.*

☞ Particular attention given to the *repairing of Watches and Jewelry* of every description.

STAUFFER & HARLEY,
No. 622 MARKET street, *South Side*, PHILAD'A.

N. B.—We will continue our Old Store, No. 148 North *Second* street, for a short time only.

August 3, 1859–3m.

THE PARIS MANTILLA AND CLOAK EMPORIUM,

No. 708 Chestnut street, *above Seventh*, PHILADELPHIA.

The subscribers invite the attention of *Ladies*, to their Stock of there Elegant Garments, of which being a *specialty*, they are enabled to offer the most complete assortment in the city.

They will open in the course of *September* and *October*, their IMPORTATIONS consisting of

EMBROIDERED VELVET CLOAKS,
HANDSOME BEAVER CLOAKS,
OPERA CLOAKS, &c., &c.,

and elegant specimens of Home Manufacture, will be added to their Stock EVERY MORNING THROUGH THE SEASON.

J. W. PROCTOR & CO.,
Importers and Manufacturers of
CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS,
No. 708 Chestnut street, (above 7th.,) PHILAD'A.

August 31, 1859–3m.

GREAT EXCITEMENT

AT THE

MAMMOTH STORE!!

J. BRICKER has returned from the East with a tremendous Stock of Goods. They are upon the shelves in his New Rooms, on Hill street, near M'Ateer's Hotel, ready for customers.

His Stock consists of every variety of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
DRY GOODS, GENERALLY,
GROCERIES AND QUEENSWARE,
HARDWARE AND GLASSWARE,
CROCKERY AND CEDARWARE,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,

And everything to be found in the most extensive stores

His Stock is New and of the Best, and the public are invited to call and examine, free of charge.

Huntingdon, June 1, 1859.

NEW MARBLE YARD

IN HUNTINGDON,

ON MIFFLIN STREET, BETWEEN SMITH AND FRANKLIN.

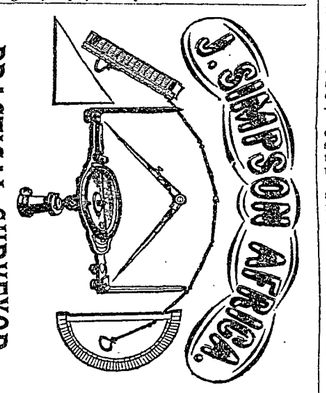
JAMES M. GREEN informs the citizens of the county generally, that he has opened a MARBLE YARD at the above place, and is prepared to finish marble to order in the best workmanlike manner.

TOMB STONES, BUREAU and STAND TOPS, &c., furnished on short notice, and at reasonable prices.

He hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

Huntingdon, May 4, 1859–1y.

PRACTICAL SURVEYOR,
OFFICE, HILL STREET, HUNTINGDON, PA.

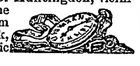


NEW WATCH & JEWELRY STORE.

J. W. DUTCHER,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER,

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon, vicinity, and surrounding country, that he has commenced business in the room formerly occupied by Levi Westbrook, and hopes to receive a share of public patronage.



WATCHES and CLOCKS repaired in the best workmanlike manner.

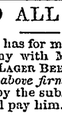
His stock of WATCHES and JEWELRY is of the best. All of which he will dispose of at reasonable prices.

The public generally, are requested to give him a call and examine his stock. [March 2, 1859.]

NOTICE TO ALL!!

The subscriber, who has for more than one year, carried on business in company with Messrs. F. BRANDY, H. GIN, P. WHISKEY, and Mr. LAGER BEER, has this day *dissolved partnership with the above firm!* All claims against the old firm will be paid by the subscriber, and all those indebted to the firm will pay him.

CLOCKS, and *JEWELRY* will be kept on hand



WATCHES always be repaired. A good stock of CLOCKS, WATCHES and JEWELRY will for customers who may favor him with a call.

JOSEPH REIGGER.

Huntingdon, March 2, 1859.

READY RECKONER.

A complete Pocket Ready Reckoner, in dollars and cents, to which are added forms of Notes, Bills, Receipts, Petitions, &c., together with a set of useful tables, containing rate of interest from one dollar to twelve thousand, by the single day, with a table of wages, and board by the week and day, published in 1859. For sale at
LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

Generally in use in the Schools of the County, not on hand, will be furnished to order, on application at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

PARCHMENT DEED PAPER—ruled, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

VARNISH! VARNISH!!

ALL KINDS, *warranted good*, for sale at
BROWN'S Hardware Store,
April 23, 1858—tf. Huntingdon, Pa.

LADIES, ATTENTION!—My assortment of beautiful dress goods is now open, and ready for inspection. Every article of dress you may desire, can be found at my store. D. P. GWIN.

PAPER! PAPER!!

Note, Post, Commercial, Foolscap and Flatcap—a good assortment for sale by the ream, half ream, quire or sheet, at
LEWIS' NEW BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

BLASTING POWDER and SAFETY-FUSE, for sale low, at the Hardware Store of
JAS. A. BROWN.

GROCERIES, &c., &c.—Call at the cheap store of BENJ. JACOBS. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange at the highest market prices. (oct28.)

BOOK BINDING.

Old Books, Magazines, or publications of any kind, bound to order, if left at
LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

ST. VINCENT AND VISITATION MANUALS, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY AND MUSIC STORE.

BOOTS & SHOES.—Old and young can be fitted at BENJ. JACOBS' store in Market square, Huntingdon, Pa. (oct28.)

J. BRICKER'S Mammoth Store is the place to get the worth of your money, in Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries, &c., &c., &c.

BUSINESS MEN, TAKE NOTICE!

If you want your card neatly printed upon envelopes, call at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

FOR THE LADIES.

A superior article of Note Paper and Envelopes, suitable for *confidential* correspondence, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

BUTCHER-KNIVES and Carvers, in great variety, for sale at the Hardware Store of
JAMES A. BROWN.

GROVER & BAKER'S CELEBRATED FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

New Styles—Prices from $50 *to* $125. *Extra Charge of* $5 *for Hemmers.*

496 Broadway,.....New York.
730 Chestnut street,.....Philadelphia.

These Machines sew from two spools, as purchased from the store, requiring no re-winding of thread; they Hem, Fell, Gather, and Stitch in a superior style, finishing each seam by their own operation, without recourse to the hand-needle, as is required by other machines. They will do better and cheaper sewing than a seamstress can, even if she works for *one cent an hour*, and are, unquestionably, the *best Machines* in the market for family sewing, on account of their simplicity, durability, ease of management, and adaptation to all varieties of family sewing—executing either heavy or fine work with equal facility, and without special adjustment.

As evidence of the unquestioned superiority of their Machines, the GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE COMPANY beg leave to respectfully refer to the the following

TESTIMONIALS.

"Having had one of Grover & Baker's Machines in my family for nearly a year and a-half, I take pleasure in commending it as every way reliable for the purpose for which it is designed—Family Sewing."—*Mrs. Joshua Leavitt, wife of Rev. Dr. Leavitt, Editor of N. Y. Independent.*

"I confess myself delighted with your Sewing Machine, which has been in my family for many months. It has always been ready for duty, requiring no adjustment, and is easily adapted to every variety of family sewing, by simply changing the spools of thread."—*Mrs. Elizabeth Strickland, wife of Rev. Dr. Strickland, Editor of N. Y. Christian Advocate.*

"After trying several different good machines, I preferred yours, on account of its simplicity, and the perfect ease with which it is managed, as well as the strength and durability of the seam. After long experience, I feel competent to speak in this manner, and to confidently recommend it for every variety of family sewing."—*Mrs. E. B. Spooner, wife of the Editor of Brooklyn Star.*

"I have used a GROVER & BAKER Sewing Machine for two years, and have found it adapted to all kinds of family sewing, from Cambric to Broadcloth. Garments have been worn out without the giving way of a stitch. The Machine is easily kept in order, and easily used."—*Mrs. A. B. Whipple, wife of Rev. Geo. Whipple, New York.*

"For several months we have used Grover & Baker's Sewing Machine, and have come to the conclusion that every lady who desires her sewing *beautifully and quickly* done, would be most fortunate in possessing one of these reliable and indefatigable 'iron needle-women,' whose combined qualities of *beauty, strength and simplicity*, are invaluable."—*J. W. Morris, daughter of Gen. Geo. P. Morris, Editor of the Home Journal.*

Extract of a letter from THOS. R. LEAVITT, Esq., an American gentleman, now resident in Sydney, New South Wales, dated January 12, 1858:

"I had a tent made in Melbourne, in 1853, in which there were over three thousand yards of sewing done with one of Grover & Baker's Machines, and a *single* seam of that has outstood all the *double* seams sewed by sailors with a needle and twine."

"If Homer could be called up from his murky hades, he would sing the advent of Grover & Baker as a more benignant miracle of art than was ever Vulcan's smithy. He would denounce midnight shirt-making as 'the direful spring of woes unnumbered.'"—*Prof. North.*

"I take pleasure in saying, that the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines have more than sustained my expectation. After trying and returning others, I have three of them in operation in my different places, and, after four years' trial, have no fault to find."—*J. H. Hammond, Senator of South Carolina.*

"My wife has had one of Grover & Baker's Family Sewing Machines for some time, and I am satisfied it is one of the best labor-saving machines that has been invented. I take much pleasure in recommending it to the public."—*J. G. Harris, Governor of Tennessee.*

"It is a beautiful thing, and puts everybody into an excitement of good humor. Were I a Catholic, I should insist upon Saints Grover and Baker having an eternal holiday in commemoration of their good deeds for humanity."—*Cassius M. Clay.*

"I think it by far the best patent in use. This Machine can be adapted from the finest cambric to the heaviest cassimere. It sews stronger, faster, and more beautifully than one can imagine. If mine could not be replaced, money could not buy it."—*Mrs. J. G. Brown, Nashville, Tenn.*

"It is speedy, very neat, and durable in its work; is easily understood and kept in repair. I earnestly recommend this Machine to all my acquaintances and others."—*Mrs. M. A. Forrest, Memphis, Tenn.*

"We find this Machine to work to our satisfaction, and with pleasure recommend it to the public, as we believe the Grover & Baker to be the best Sewing Machine in use."—*Deary Brothers, Allisonia, Tenn.*

"If used exclusively for family purposes, with ordinary care, I will wager they will last one 'three score years and ten,' and never get out of fix."—*John Erskine, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I have had your Machine for several weeks, and am perfectly satisfied that the work it does is the best and most beautiful that ever was made."—*Maggie Aimison, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I use my Machine upon coats, dressmaking, and fine linen stitching, and the work is admirable—far better than the best hand-sewing, or any other machine I have ever seen."—*Lucy B. Thompson, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I find the work the strougest and most beautiful I have ever seen, made either by hand or machine, and regard the Grover & Baker Machine as one of the greatest blessings to our sex."—*Mrs. Taylor, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I have one of Grover & Baker's Sewing Machines in use in my family, and find it invaluable. I can confidently recommend it to all persons in want of a machine."—*C. T. Thompson, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I take pleasure in certifying to the utility of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines. I have used one on almost every description of work for months, and find it much stronger and better in every respect than work done by hand."—*Mrs. D. W. Wheeler, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I would be unwilling to dispose of my Grover & Baker Machine for a large amount, could I not replace it again at pleasure."—*Mrs. H. G. Scovel, Nashville, Tenn.*

"Our two machines, purchased from you, do the work of twenty young ladies. We with pleasure recommend the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine to be the best in use."—*N. Stillman & Co., Memphis, Tenn.*

"The Grover & Baker Sewing Machine works admirably. I think the stitch and work far superior to that of any Sewing Machine I ever saw. On fine work, I think the Machine would be hard to beat."—*J. W. Davie, Memphis, Tenn.*

"I find the Machine easily managed, very durable, and take pleasure in recommending it to all who wish convenience, economy, and pleasure."—*Mrs. F. Titus, Memphis, Tenn.*

"The Grover & Baker Sewing Machines have given such satisfaction that we cheerfully recommend them to all who wish a good and substantial Sewing Machine. It executes work with much ease and speed, and more finely than any other machine I have seen."—*Mrs. R. B. Mitchell, Memphis, Tenn.*

"I am happy to give my testimony in favor of Grover & Baker's Sewing Machine, and of the perfect satisfaction it gives in every respect. It sews neatly, and is by no means complicated, and I prefer it to all others I have seen."—*Mrs. Bryan, wife of Rev. A. M. Bryan, Memphis, Tenn.*

"It affords me much pleasure to say, that the Machine works well; and I do not hesitate to recommend it as possessing all the advantages you claim for it. My wife is very much pleased with it, and we take pleasure in certifying to this effect."—*R. C. Brinkley, Memphis, Tenn.*

"It gives me pleasure to find the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine giving so much satisfaction. I have it in constant use, and find it all that could be desired. It is the most simple and durable machine in use, and I heartily recommend it."—*F. M. White, Memphis, Tenn.*

"Having seen, examined, and used many other kinds of Sewing Machines, I feel free to say, that the Grover & Baker Machines are far superior to all others in use."—*M. Francios Seltz, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I consider my Sewing Machine invaluable, and would not take five times its cost, if I could not supply its place. With it I can do all my family sewing in about one-fourth the time I could with my hands."—*M. J. Scott, Nashville, Tenn.*

☞ SEND FOR A CIRCULAR. ☜

A LOCAL AGENT WANTED.

February 16, 1859.

NEW BOOKS!

FOR SALE AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE

THE HOUSE: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Rural Architecture; or, How to Build Dwellings, Barns, Stables, and Out Dwellings of all kinds. With a Chapter on Churches and School-Houses. Price, 50 cents.

THE GARDEN: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Practical Horticulture; or, How to Cultivate Vegetables, Fruits, and Flowers. With a Chapter on Ornamental Trees and Shrubs. Price, 50 cents.

THE FARM: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Practical Agriculture; or, How to Cultivate all the Field Crops. With an Essay on Farm Management, etc. Price, 50 cents.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Cattle, Horse, and Sheep Husbandry; or, How to Breed and Rear the Various Tenants of the Barn-yard, etc., etc. Price, 50 cents.

HOW TO TALK: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Conversation and Debate, with Directions for Acquiring a Grammatical Style, and more than Five Hundred Common Mistakes Corrected. Price, 50 cents.

HOW TO BEHAVE: A NEW POCKET MANAUL of Republican Etiquette, and Guide to Correct Personal Habits; with Rules for Debating Societies and Deliberative Assemblies, etc. Price, 50 cents.

HOW TO DO BUSINESS: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Practical Affairs and Guide to success in Life; with a Collection of Business Forms, and a Dictionary of Commercial Terms, etc. Price, 50 cents.

CLOAKS, TALMAS, RIGOLETTES, Victorines and Head Dresses are sold at prices, which defy competition, by FISHER & McMURTRIE.

RENEWING HIS STOCK.

Call at S. S. SMITH'S GROCERY for everything fresh and good.

SILK BONNETS, latest styles, in great variety, and very cheap, at the mammoth store of
D. P. GWIN.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

JAMES M. GREEN,
Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer, Huntingdon, Pa.

W. MEGAHAN & CO.,
Miners and Dealers in Broad Top Coal. B. L. Megahan, General Agent, McConnellstown, Huntingdon county, Pa.

DAVID BLAIR,
Miner and Shipper of Broad Top Coal. Office Huntingdon Pa.

EVANS, WALSH & CO., Miners and Dealers in Broad Top Coal.
Office, Huntingdon, Pa.

H. K. NEFF, M. D., offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office, Hill street, opposite Dr. Luden's.

G. A. MILLER,
Dealer in Groceries, Confectionaries, &c., &c.

C. COUTS,
Proprietor of the Mansion House.

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store. Aug. 28, '55.

J. S. MILLER,
Proprietor of the Jackson House.

W. & H. WILLIAMS,
Proprietors of the Franklin House.

S. S. SMITH, Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Dye Stuffs, Oils, &c. Also—Groceries, Confectionerics, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

JOHN SCOTT. SAMUEL T. BROWN.

SCOTT & BROWN, Attorneys at Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Office same as that formerly occupied by Mr. Scott. Huntingdon, Oct. 17, 1853.

WM. LEWIS,
Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instruments, Huntingdon, Pa.

J. W. DUTCHER,
Watchmaker and repairer, and dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

DR. T. A. LYON, Dentist,
SHADE GAP, Huntingdon couny, Pa.
November 11, 1857.

D. P. GWIN,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

JAMES BRICKER,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Hardwaro, Groceries, Queensware, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c., &c.

J. M. CUNNINGHAM & BRO.
Founders, Huntingdon, Pa.

JAMES A. BROWN,
Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

MOSES STROUS,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Ready Made Clothing, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, etc.

H. ROMAN,
Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

BENJ. JACOBS,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Ready Made Clothing, Groceries, Queensware, &c. &c.

M. GUTMAN & CO., Dealers in Ready made Clothing, Huntingdon, Pa.

FISHER & McMURTRIE, Dealers in Dry Goods, Grain, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

LEVI WESTBROOK,
Dealer in Gentlemen's, Ladies' and Misses' Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Morocco Lerther, etc.

JOSEPH REIGGER,
Watchmaker and dealer in Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry, &c.

WM. WILLIAMS,
Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer.

OWEN BOAT,
Carriage and Waggon Manufacturer.

JOHN F. RAMEY, County Surveyor, Huntingdon, Pa. Office on Hill street, one door east of the Huntingdon Marble Yard.

REFERENCES—L. T. Watson, Philadelphia; J. P. Leslie, Geologist, Philadelphia; Charles Mickley, Rough and Ready Furnace, Hon. Jonathan M'Williams.

RICHARD LANGDON, Miner and Dealer in Broad Top Coal, Hopewell, Bedford county, Pa. [Nov. 3, '58.

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY.

ISENBERG & CONNOR, are prepared to furnish all orders for ALE, promptly. Address Isenberg & Connor, Alexandria, Huntingdon county, Pa. [Dec. 8, 1858.]

AMMERMAN & CO., Miners and Dealers in Broad Top Coal, Broad Top, Huntingdon co., Penna. [Nov. 3, 1858.

COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the cities, as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia.

Huntingdon, April 14, 1858. H. ROMAN.

HARDWARE!

A Large Stock, just received, and for sale at
BRICKER'S MAMMOTH STORE.

DRY GOODS!—A fine assortment on hand for the accommodation of customers, at BENJ. JACOBS' "Cheap Corner," Market Square. (oct28)

STONE-WARE at S. S. Smith's Grocery, 20 per cent. cheaper than any other place in town.

THE MAMMOTH STORE

Is the place for Latest Styles of Ladies' Dress Goods.

GROCERIES

Of all kinds at STROUS' Cheap Store.

LADIES DRESS GOODS!

A splendid assortment at STROUS' Cheap Store in Market Square. [March 31, 1858.

CLOTHING!

A new arrival for Spring and Summer, at STROUS Cheap Store. Call and be fitted. [March 31, 1858.

GROCERIES,

Of the best, always ready for customers, at
J. BRICKER'S MAMMOTH STORE.

DOUGLASS & SHERWOOD'S Patent Extension Skirts, for sale only by
FISHER & McMURTRIE.

MEN'S Under-Shirts and Drawers, Linen Shirt Fronts, Ready Made Shirts, White & Fancy, Collars, &c., very cheap at D. P. GWIN'S.

INKS.

A superior article of writing Inks for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

PLEASE YOUR CHILDREN!

Call at LEWIS' NEW BOOK STORE, where you will find a choice selection of new and interesting books for children.

WILLIAM AFRICA

HAS AGAIN COMMENCED THE

BOOT AND SHOE-MAKING,

ONE DOOR EAST OF H. ROMAN'S CLOTHING STORE.

His old customers and the public generally, will give him a call. [Huntingdon, Oct. 20, 1858.]

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!! Keep yourself warm. Call at M. GUTMAN & CO'S Cheap Clothing Store, in Long's new building, Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa. A good stock always on hand. (oct28.)

OSGOOD'S Series of School Books, For sale at
LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

BOOKS FOR EVERYBODY!

A large assortment of the most popular and interesting books of the day, just received and for sale at
LEWIS' NEW BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

of any kind, will be furnished to order at lowest City Cash Prices.

Violin and Guitar strings, Bridges, Keys, Rosin, &c., &c. Also—Instruction Books for the Piano, Melodeon, Violin, &c., &c., for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

GUM SHOES, cheaper at D. P. Gwin's than can be had in town. Call and see them.

SUGAR, from 9 to 15 cents, at
S. S. SMITH'S GROCERY.

FOR EVERYBODY.

TRY THE NEW STORE,

On Hill Street opposite Carmon's Store.

THE BEST
SUGAR and MOLASSES,
COFFEE, TEA and CHOCOLATE,
FLOUR, FISH, SALT and VINEGAR,
CONFECTIONERIES, CIGARS and TOBACCO,
SPICES OF THE BEST, AND ALL KINDS,
and every other article usually found in a Grocery Store.

ALSO— Drugs, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs,
Paints, Varnishes, Oils and Spts. Turpentine,
Fluid, Alcohol, Glass and Putty,
BEST WINE and BRANDY for medical purposes.
ALL THE BEST PATENT MEDICINES,

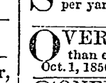
and a large number of articles too numerous to mention.

The public generally will please call and examine for themselves and learn my prices.

S. S. SMITH.

Huntingdon, May 25, 1858.

LIVERY STABLE.—The undersigned would announce to the people of Huntingdon, and the rest of mankind, that he has purchased the entire Livery Stock of Wm. Williams, and is now prepared to accommodate all who may give him a call. His stock of Horses, Carriages, &c., are complete for the accommodation of the public, at reasonable prices.



P. MCATEER, Agent. JAMES BRICKER.

Huntingdon, Dec. 29, 1858.

THE HUNTINGDON FOUNDRY IN BLAST AGAIN!—The subscribers take this method of informing their friends and the public generally, that they have rebuilt the Huntingdon Foundry, and are now in successful operation, and are prepared to furnish Castings of every description, of best quality and workmanship, on short notice, and on reasonable terms. Farmers are invited to call and examine our Ploughs. We are manufacturing the Hunter Plough. This plough took the first premium at the Huntingdon county Agricultural Fair last fall. Also, Hunter's celebrated Cutter Ploughs, which can't be beat—together with the Keystone, Hillside and Bar-shear ploughs. We have on hand and are manufacturing Stoves—such as Cook, Parlor, and Office stoves for wood or coal. Hollow ware, consisting of Kettles, Boilers, Skillets, &c., all of which we will sell cheap for cash or in exchange for country produce. Old metal taken for castings. By a strict attention to business, and a desire to please, we hope to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

J. M. CUNNINGHAM & BRO.

Huntingdon, April 30, 1856.

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Tables and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and workmanship equal to any in the country, at a f